



# Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove

## Development Regulations

2014



Project Number: 123040.00

Development Regulations

November 2014



Prepared For:

The Town of  
Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove

Prepared By:



**CBCL LIMITED**

Consulting Engineers



# Urban and Rural Planning Act

## Resolution to Adopt

### Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations 2014

Under the authority of Section 16 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*, the Town Council of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove adopts the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations 2014.

Adopted by the Town Council of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.

Signed and sealed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.

Mayor: \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Canadian Institute of Planners Certification

I certify that the attached Development Regulations have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Urban and Rural Planning Act 2000.

\_\_\_\_\_  
M. Bishop, F.C.I.P.

# Urban and Rural Planning Act

## Resolution to Approve

### Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations 2014

Under the authority of section 16, section 17 and section 18 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*, the Town Council of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove

- a) adopted the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations 2014 on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.
- b) gave notice of the adoption of the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations by advertisement, inserted on the \_\_\_\_\_ day and the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014 in the Telegram.
- c) set the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ at 7:00 p.m. at the Town Hall, Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove, for the holding of a public hearing to consider objections and submissions.

Now under the authority of section 23 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*, the Town Council of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove approves the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations as adopted.

SIGNED AND SEALED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.

Mayor: \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk: \_\_\_\_\_

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**Appendix A** Land Use Zoning Map

**Appendix B** Provincial Development Regulations

**Appendix C** Classification Guide to Land Uses and Buildings





# 1. Application

## 1.1. Title

These Regulations may be cited as the Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations.

## 1.2. Interpretation

1. Words and phrases used in these Regulations shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 2 of these Regulations.
2. Words and phrases not defined in these Regulations shall have the meanings which are commonly assigned to them in the context in which they are used in the Regulations.

## 1.3. Commencement

These Regulations come into effect through the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Municipal Planning Area, hereinafter referred to as the Planning Area, on the date of publication of a notice to that effect in the Newfoundland and Labrador Gazette.

## 1.4. Municipal Code and Regulations

The National Building Code of Canada, Fire Code of Canada and any other ancillary code and any Building Regulations, Waste Disposal Regulation and/or any other municipal regulations regulating or controlling the development, conservation and use of land in force in the Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove shall, under these Regulations apply to the entire Planning Area.

## 1.5. Authority

In these Regulations, "Authority" means the Council of the Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove.

## 1.6. Delegation of Council

Where the term Council is referenced in these Regulations, Council may, by resolution, delegate its Authority to administer the Regulations or part thereof, to an employee of Council or an agent in the employment of Council.

## 1.7. Provincial Development Regulations

Appropriate sections of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000* and the full text of the Provincial Development Regulations have been incorporated into the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations and are marked as follows:



Where there is a conflict between these Regulations and the Provincial Regulations, the Provincial Regulations shall apply. A complete copy of the Provincial Development Regulations is attached in **Appendix B**.



## 2. Definitions

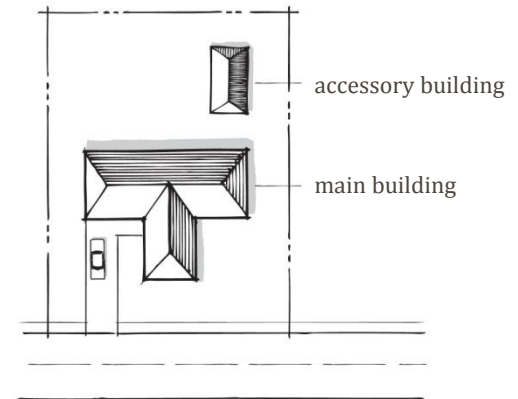


**Access** means a way used or intended to be used by vehicles, pedestrians or animals in order to go from a street to adjacent or nearby land or to go from that land to the street.



**Accessory Building** includes

- i) a detached subordinate building not used as a dwelling, located on the same lot as the main building to which it is an accessory and has a use that is customarily incidental or complementary to the main use of the building or land,
- ii) for residential uses, domestic garages, carports, ramps, sheds, swimming pools, greenhouses, cold frames, fuel sheds, vegetable storage cellars, shelters for domestic pets or radio and television antennae,
- iii) for commercial uses, workshops or garages, and
- iv) for industrial uses, garages, offices, raised ramps and docks.



**Accessory Use** means a use that is subsidiary to a permitted or discretionary use and that is customarily expected to occur with the permitted or discretionary use.



**Act**, unless the context indicate otherwise, means the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*.

**Agriculture** means horticulture, fruit, grain or seed growing, dairy farming, the breeding or rearing of livestock, including any creature kept for the production of food, wool, skins, or fur, or for the purpose of its use in the farming of land, the use of land as grazing land, meadow land, market gardens and nursery grounds and the use of land for woodlands where that use is ancillary to the farming of land for any other purpose.

**Appeal Board** means the appropriate Appeal Board established under the Act.



**Applicant** means a person who has applied to an authority for an approval or permit to carry out a development.

**Architectural Style** means the classification of buildings according to their appearance, structure, materials and historic period.

**Assisted Living Complex** means a residential building designed for people seeking assisted home care by the content and layout of the dwelling units (varying in size, number of bedrooms, shared kitchens), provisions for common dining facilities, recreation areas, lounges, libraries, respite units, and the accessibility of all units and facilities to the physically challenged. Provision of services such as day-care for seniors, housekeeping, personal care, meal programs, physiotherapy, activity programs, outdoor recreation areas, and open space areas may also be provided. The use includes personal care home but does not include a hospital.

**Bed and Breakfast Establishment** means a single dwelling unit in which the resident supplies, for compensation, bedrooms for the temporary accommodation of travelers.



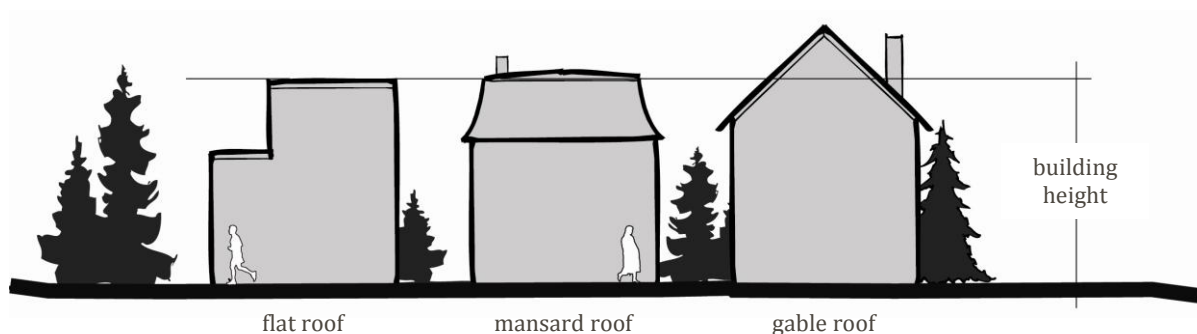
**Building** means

- i) a structure, erection, alteration or improvement placed on, over or under land or attached, anchored or moored to land,
- ii) mobile structures, vehicles and marine vessels adapted or constructed for residential, commercial, industrial and other similar uses,
- iii) a part of and fixtures on buildings referred to in subparagraphs (i) and (ii), and
- iv) an excavation of land whether or not that excavation is associated with the intended or actual construction of a building or thing referred to in subparagraphs (i) to (iii).



**Building Height** means the vertical distance, measured in meters from the established grade to the

- i) highest point of the roof surface of a flat roof,
- ii) deck line of a mansard roof, and
- iii) mean height level between the eave and the ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof, and in any case, a building height shall not include mechanical structure, smokestacks, steeples and purely ornamental structures above the roof.



**Building Line** means a line established by an authority that runs parallel to a street line and is set at the closest point to a street that a building may be placed.

**Convenience Store** means a building used as a store that serves the primary needs of the adjacent neighbourhood and includes the sale of magazine, confectionary and grocery items, rental of video movies and a delicatessen or snack bar provided that any eating facility is within a wholly enclosed building.

**Daycare Centre or Day Nursery** means a building or part of a building in which services and activities are regularly provided to children of pre-school age during the full daytime period as defined under the *Childcare Services Act*, but does not include a school as defined by the *Schools Act*.



**Development** means the carrying out of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land, or the making of a material change in the use, or the intensity of use of land, buildings, or premises and the

- i) making of an access onto a highway, road or way,
- ii) erection of an advertisement or sign,
- iii) construction of a building,
- iv) parking of a trailer, or vehicle used for the sale of refreshments or merchandise, or as an office, or for living accommodation,

and excludes the

- v) carrying out of works for the maintenance, improvement or other alteration of a building, being works which affect only the interior of the building or which do not materially affect the external appearance or use of the building,
- vi) carrying out by a highway authority of works required for the maintenance or improvement of a road, being works carried out on land within the boundaries of the road reservation,
- vii) carrying out by a local authority or statutory undertakers of works for the purpose of inspecting, repairing or renewing sewers, mains, pipes, cables or other apparatus, including the breaking open of street or other land for that purpose, and
- viii) use of a building or land within the courtyard of a dwelling house for a purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwelling house as a dwelling.

**Discretionary Use** means a use that is listed within the discretionary use classes established in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations.

**Dwelling, Single Detached Unit** means a self-contained unit consisting of one or more habitable rooms used or designed as the living quarters for one household.

**Dwelling, Double Unit (or Duplex)** means a building containing two dwelling units, placed one above the other, or side by side, but does not include a self-contained dwelling containing a subsidiary apartment.

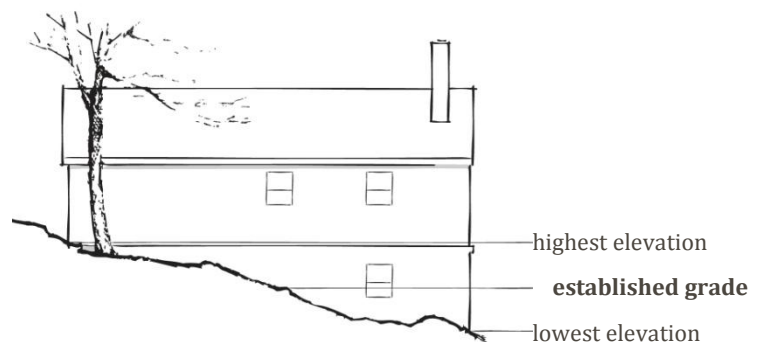
**Dwelling, Townhouse** means three or more dwelling units, each with a separate entrance, constructed side by side and separated by common vertical walls.

**Dwelling, Apartment Building** means a building containing three or more dwelling units, but does not include a row dwelling.

**Erect** means to build, construct, reconstruct, alter or relocate and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, shall include any preliminary physical operation such as excavating, grading, piling, cribbing, filling or draining, or structurally altering any existing building or structure by an addition, deletion, enlargement or extension.

**Established Grade** means

- i) where used in reference to a building, the average elevation of the finished surface of the ground where it meets the exterior or



- the front of that building, exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment, or
- ii) where used in reference to a structure that is not a building, the average elevation of the finished grade of the ground immediately surrounding the structure, exclusive of an artificial embankment or entrenchment.

**Existing** means legally existing as of the effective date of these Regulations.



**Floor Area** means the total area of all floors in a building measured to the outside face of exterior walls.



**Frontage** means the horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the building line (the distance between points A and B in the lot line illustration on the following page).

**Historic Building** means a building that was constructed in Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove prior to Confederation (1949).

**Home Child Care Service** means a service where not more than six (6) children receive child care in the home of the person providing the child care.

**Home Occupation** means an accessory use of a dwelling and/or accessory building for gainful employment involving the provision or sale of goods and/or services.

**Home Office** means a secondary use of a dwelling for gainful employment involving the provision or sale of goods and/or services.

**Inspector** means any person appointed and engaged as an inspector by Council or by any federal or provincial authority or the agent thereof.



**Land** includes land covered by water and buildings and structures on, over, under the soil and fixtures that form part of those buildings and structures.

**Landscaping** means any combination of trees, shrubs, flowers, grass or other horticultural elements, decorative stonework, paving, screening or other architectural elements, all of which is designed to enhance the visual amenity of a property or to provide a screen between properties in order to mitigate objectionable features between them.

**Light Industry** means use of any land or buildings for any general industrial use that can be carried out without hazard or intrusion and without detriment to the amenity of the surrounding area by reason of noise, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, grit, soot, ash, dust, glare or appearance.

**Loading Space** means an area of land provided for use for the temporary parking of a commercial motor vehicle where merchandise or materials are loaded or unloaded from the vehicles.



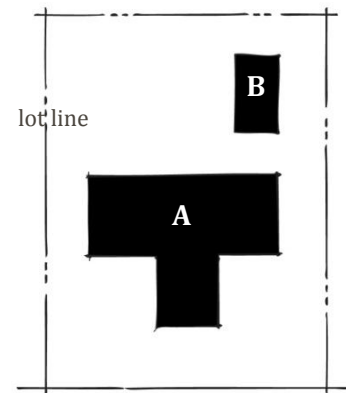
**Lot** means a plot, tract or parcel of land which can be considered as a unit of land for a particular use or building.



**Lot Area** means the total horizontal area within the lines of the lot.

**Lot Coverage** means the combined area of all building on a lot measured at the level of the lowest floor above the established grade and expressed as a percentage of the total area of the lot.

$$\text{Lot coverage} = \frac{\text{Area of A} + \text{Area of B}}{\text{Total lot area}}$$



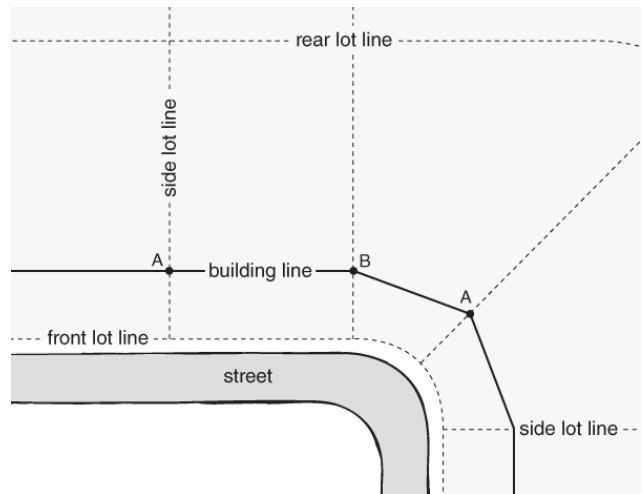
**Lot Line** means an outer boundary for a specific lot.

**Lot Line, Front** means the line dividing a lot from the street. For a corner lot, the shorter lot line adjacent to the street shall be deemed the front lot line and the longer lot line abutting the street shall be deemed the flanking lot line.

**Lot Line, Rear** means the lot line on the opposite side of the front lot line.

**Lot Line, Side** means the lot lines perpendicular to the front and rear lot lines.

**Lot Line, Flanking** means a lot line which abuts the street on a corner lot.



**Marina** means a dock or basin together with associated facilities where slips, moorings, supplies, repairs, and other services that are typically available for boats and other watercraft, including storage, sales and rentals, together with a club house and catering facilities.

**Mineral Working** means land or buildings used for the working or extraction of any naturally occurring substance, including a pit or quarry.

**Non-Conforming Use** means a legally existing use that is not listed as a permitted or discretionary use for the use zone in which it is located or which does not meet the development standards for that use zone.

**Nursing Home** means a building where nursing care and room and board are provided to individuals incapacitated in some manner for medical reasons and approved by Service NL and Lands, and Health and Community Services.

**Office** means a room used for the purpose of regularly conducting business, performing a service or offering consultation, but shall not include manufacturing or the selling of retail goods.

**Outdoor Storage** means the storage of goods, inventory, materials or equipment or other items which are not intended for immediate sale, by locating them outside.

**Owner** means a person or an organization of persons owning or having the legal right to use the land under consideration.

**Permitted Use** means a use that is listed within the permitted use classes set out in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations.

**Prohibited Use** means a use that is not listed in a use zone within the permitted use classes or discretionary use classes or a use that an authority specifies as not permitted within a use zone.

**Public Use** means any lands, structure or building which is constructed for use by the general public, including but not limited to parks, playgrounds, trails, paths and other recreational and open spaces, scenic and historic sites, publicly funded buildings such as schools, hospitals, libraries and other public buildings and structures.

**Recreational Use** means the use of land for parks, playgrounds, tennis courts, lawn bowling greens, athletic fields, golf courses, picnic areas, swimming pools, day camps, walking trails, and similar uses.

**Restaurant** means a building or part thereof, designed or intended to be used or occupied for the purpose of serving the general public with meals or refreshments for consumption on the premises.

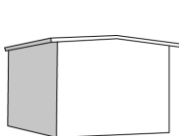
**Roof, Flat** is a roof with little or no slope.

**Roof, Gable** is a two-sided, sloping roof with a single ridge and gables at either end.

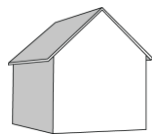
**Roof, Gambrel** is a two sided, double sloping roof.

**Roof, Hipped** is a four sided roof having sloping ends and sloping sides.

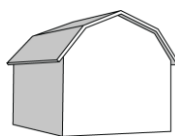
**Roof, Mansard** is a two or four-sided, double sloped roof with a very steep lower slope and a flat (or near flat) upper slope.



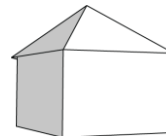
*Flat*



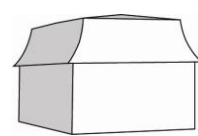
*Gable*



*Gambrel*



*Hipped*

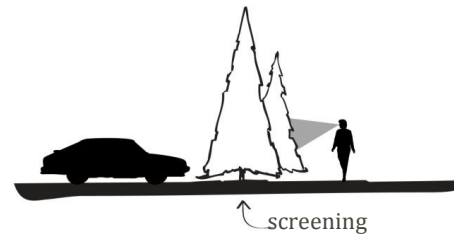


*Mansard*





**Screening** means the method by which a view of one site from another adjacent site is shielded, concealed or hidden. The example on the right shows trees and fences being used to screen a parking lot from public view.



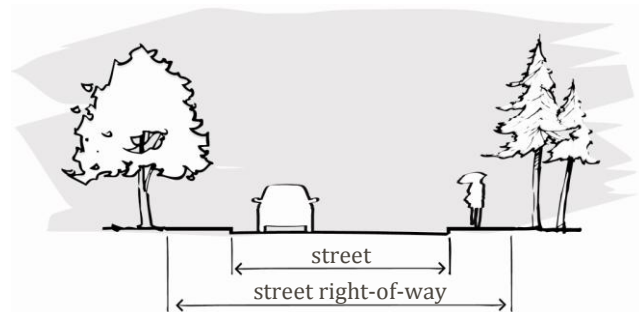
**Service Station** means any land or building used exclusively for the sale of petroleum products, automotive parts and accessories, minor repairs, washing and polishing of motor vehicles.

**Shop** means a building or part thereof used for retail trade wherein the primary purpose is the selling or offering for sale of goods, wares or merchandise by retail or the selling or offering for sale of retail services but does not include an establishment wherein the primary purpose of the serving of meals or refreshments, an amusement use, a general garage, or a service station.

**Sign** (or advertisement) means a word, letter, model, placard, board, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of or employed wholly or in part for the purpose of advertisement, announcement or direction and excludes those things employed wholly as a memorial, advertisements of local government, utilities and boarding or similar structures used for the display of advertisements.

**Sign Area** means the area of the smallest rectangle, circle, or semi-circle that can enclose the surface area of the sign. Where a sign has two faces or more, the maximum area is permitted for each of the two faces.

**Street** means a street, road, highway or other way designed for the passage of vehicles and pedestrians and which is accessible by fire department and other emergency vehicles.



**Street Line** means the edge of a street reservation as defined by the authority having jurisdiction.

**Street Right-of-Way** means a strip of land between the street lines, acquired by reservation, dedication or forced dedication intended to be occupied or occupied by a public street, road or highway.

**Storey** means the entire floor or level of a building having a continuous or nearly continuous floor.

**Subdivision** means the dividing of land, whether in single or joint ownership into 2 or more pieces for the purpose of development.

**Subsidiary Apartment** means a separate dwelling unit constructed within and subsidiary to a self-contained dwelling.

Provincial  
Reg. 4(q)

Provincial  
Reg. 4(t)

Provincial  
Reg. 4(u)

Urban and Rural  
Planning  
Reg. 2 (q)



**Use** means a building or activity situated on a lot or a development permitted on a lot.

**Use Zone** or **Zone** means an area of land including buildings and water designated on the zoning map to which the uses, standards and conditions of a particular use zone table apply.

**Variance** means a departure, to a maximum of 10% from the yard, area, lot coverage, setback, size, height, frontage or any other numeric requirement of the applicable Use Zone Table of the Authority's regulations.

**Watercourse** means any lake, pond, river, stream or other body of water.

**Wetland** means the land usually or at any time occupied by water, where the water table is at or is just above the surface of the land either permanently or intermittently, depending upon the class of the wetland which includes bogs, fens, marshes, swamps and shallow water zones along shorelines of bodies of water.

**Yard** means an open uncovered space on a lot belonging to a building (except a court) and unoccupied by buildings or structures except as specifically permitted elsewhere in these Regulations.

**Yard Depth, Rear** means the distance between the rear lot line and the rear wall of the main building on a lot.

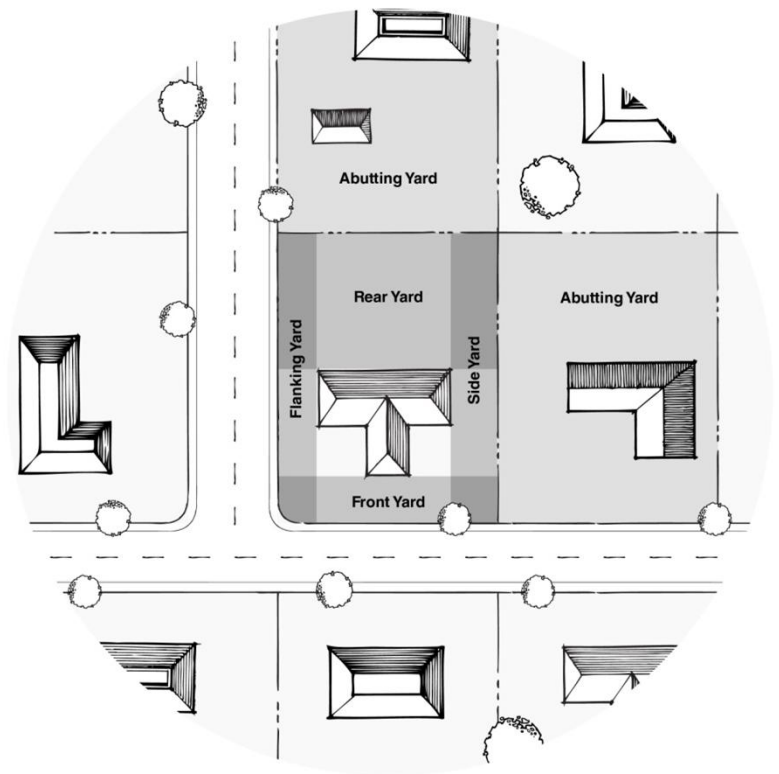
**Yard Depth, Side** means the distance between the side lot line and the nearest side wall of a building on the lot.

**Yard, Front** means the distance between the front lot line of a lot and the front wall of the main building on a lot.

**Yard, Flanking** means the side yard of a corner lot bounded by the street.

**Yard, Abutting** means the yard of an abutting lot which shares a lot line of subject property.

**Zoning Map** means the map or maps attached to and forming a part of the authority's regulations.



# 3. General Regulations

## 3.1. Permit to Develop Required

No person shall carry out any development within the Planning Area, unless a permit for the development has been issued by the Council.

## 3.2. Decisions of Council

Decisions made by Council with respect to a permit shall be made in writing, and state the reasons for a refusal of, or conditions attached to a permit. Council shall also advise the person to whom the decision applies of their right to appeal, in accordance with Section 42 of the Act and the requirements of Regulation 3.21 of these Regulations.

## 3.3. Permit to be Issued

Subject to Regulations 3.4 and 3.5, a permit shall be issued for development within the Planning Areas that conforms to:

- a) the policies expressed in the Municipal Plan and any further scheme, plan, or regulation pursuant thereto;
- b) the general development standards set out in Section 4 of these Regulations;
- c) the standards set out in the Building Code and/or other ancillary codes, and any Building Regulations, Waste Disposal Regulations, and/or any other municipal regulation in force in the Planning Area regulating or controlling development, conservation and use of land and buildings;
- d) the standards set out in Section 5 of these Regulations with respect to parking;
- e) the standards set out in Section 6 of these Regulations in the case of signs;
- f) the standards set out in Section 7 of these Regulations in the case of subdivision;
- g) the use classes, standards, requirements, and conditions prescribed in Sections 8 of these Regulations for the use zone in which the proposed development is located; and
- h) the standards of design and appearance established by Council.

## 3.4. Permit Not to be Issued in Certain Cases

Approval shall not be issued for a proposed development where, in the opinion of Council, it is premature by reason of the site lacking adequate road access, power, drainage, sanitary facilities, or domestic water supply, or being beyond the natural development of the area at the time of application unless the applicant contracts to pay the full cost of construction of the services deemed necessary by Council.

## 3.5. Discretionary Powers

In considering an application for a permit or for approval in principle to carry out development, Council shall take into account the policies expressed in the Municipal Plan and any further scheme, plan or regulations pursuant thereto, and shall assess the general appearance of the development of the area, the amenity of the surroundings, availability of utilities, public safety and convenience, and any other considerations which are, in its opinion, material, and notwithstanding the conformity of the application with the requirements of these Regulations, Council may, in its discretion, and as a result of its consideration of the matters set out in this Regulation, conditionally approve or refuse the application.

### **3.6. The Application**

1. Applications for a Permit to Develop or an Approval in Principle shall be made only by the owner, the owner's agent or person authorized by the owner to Council, on the application form as may be prescribed by Council.
2. Every application shall include such plans, specifications and drawings as Council may require, and be accompanied by the appropriate fee set out in a Schedule of Fees as established by Council.
3. Council shall, on request, supply to every applicant a copy of the application forms referred to in Regulation 3.6(1) and a description of the plans, specifications and drawings required to be provided with the application.

### **3.7. Register of Application**

Council shall keep a public register of all applications for development, and shall enter therein Council's decision upon each application and the result of any appeal from that decision.

### **3.8. Deferment of Application**

1. Council may, with the written agreement of the applicant, defer consideration of an application; and
2. Applications properly submitted in accordance with these Regulations which have not been determined by Council and on which a decision has not been communicated to the applicant within eight weeks of the receipt thereof by Council, and on which consideration has not been deferred in accordance with Regulation 3.8(1), shall be deemed to be refused.

### **3.9. Approval in Principle**

1. An application for Approval in Principle shall include;
  - a) a description of the proposed development,
  - b) a description of the limits of the land to be used with the proposed development, and may include a survey description of the subject lands,
  - c) submission of detailed plans,
  - d) any additional information that may be required by Council.
2. Council may issue an Approval in Principle if it determines the application conforms to the Municipal Plan and these Regulations.
3. An Approval in Principle shall be valid for 2 years.
4. No development shall be carried out under an Approval in Principle.
5. Council may revoke an Approval in Principle if it determines the applicant has changed the proposed development in a way that significantly alters the original intent of the applications.

### **3.10. Approval**

Approval for an application is granted by Council in the form of a Development Permit or Building Permit for applications approved under these Regulations.

### **3.11. Development Permit**

1. A plan or drawing which has been approved by Council and which bears a mark and/or signature indicating such approval together with a permit shall be deemed to be permission to develop. Such permission shall not relieve the applicant from:



- a) full responsibility for obtaining permits or approvals under any other regulation or statute prior to commencing the development;
  - b) having the work carried out in accordance with these Regulations or any other regulations or statutes; and
  - c) compliance with all conditions attached to an approval or a permit.
- 2. Council may attach to a permit or to approval in principle such conditions as it deems fit in order to ensure that the proposed development will be in accordance with the purpose and intent of these Regulations.
- 3. Where Council deems necessary, permits may be issued on a temporary basis for a period not exceeding two years, which may be extended in writing by Council for further periods.
- 4. A permit is valid for two years. If the development has not commenced, the permit may be renewed for a further period not in excess of one year, but a permit shall not be renewed more than once, except in the case of a permit for an advertisement, which may be renewed in accordance with Section 6 of these Regulations.
- 5. The approval of any application and plans or drawings or the issue of a permit shall not prevent Council from thereafter requiring the correction of errors, or from ordering the cessation, removal of, or remedial work on any development being carried out in the event that the same is in violation of this or any other regulations or statute.
- 6. No person shall erase, alter or modify any drawing or specifications upon which a permit to develop has been issued by Council; and
- 7. There shall be kept available on the premises where any work, matter or thing is being done for which a permit has been issued, a copy of the permit and any plans, drawings or specifications on which the issue of the permit was based during the whole progress of the work, or the doing of the matter or thing until completion.

### **3.12. Revoke Permit**

Council may revoke an approval and any subsequent permits for failure by the applicant to comply with these Regulations or any condition attached to the permit or where the permit was issued in error or was issued contrary to the applicable regulations or was issued on the basis of incorrect information.

### **3.13. Public Notice**

- 1. Council shall provide public notice for a period of not less than:
  - a) 7 days - when considering a variance in accordance with Regulation 3.29 of these Regulations; and
  - b) 14 days - when considering a change in a non-conforming use in accordance with Regulation 3.31; or development which is listed as a Discretionary use in any use zone in Section 8 of these Regulations.
- 2. Council may require public notice of any development application where, in the opinion of Council, such notice is required for information and public consultation purposes.
- 3. Council shall require the cost of the public notice or portion thereof be paid by the applicant and that such notice shall be by public advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the area or by any other means deemed necessary or appropriate by Council.

### **3.14. Licenses, Permits and Compliance with Other Bylaws**

Nothing in these Regulations shall exempt any person from complying with the requirements of any By-Law in force within the Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove, or from obtaining any license, permission, permit, authority or approval required by any statute or regulation of the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador or the Government of Canada.

### **3.15. Right of Entry**

Council or other person or persons authorized by the municipality, may enter upon any public or private land and may at all reasonable times enter any development or building for the purpose of making surveys or examinations or obtaining information relative to the carrying out of any development, construction, alteration, repair, or any other works whatsoever which the Council is empowered to regulate.

### **3.16. Stop Work Order and Prosecution**

1. Where a person begins a development contrary or apparently contrary to these Regulations, Council may order that person to stop the development.
2. Council may further order a person to pull down, remove, stop construction, fill in or destroy that building or development, and restore the site or area to its original state, pending final adjudication in any prosecution arising out of the development; and
3. A person who does not comply with an order made under Regulation 3.16(1) is guilty of an offence under the provisions of the Act.

### **3.17. Service Levy**

1. Council may require a developer to pay a service levy where development is made possible or where the density of potential development is increased or where the value of property is enhanced in accordance with Section 149(2) of the *Municipalities Act*, SN, 1999.
2. A service levy shall not exceed the cost, including finance charges to Council of constructing or improving the public works referred to in Regulation 3.17(1) that are necessary for the real property to be developed in accordance with the standards required by Council and for uses that are permitted on that real property;
3. A service levy shall be assessed on the real property based on:
  - a) the amount of real property benefited by the public works related to all the real property so benefited; and
  - b) the density of development made capable or increased by the public work.
4. Council may require a service levy be paid by the owner of the real property benefited and may specify the time for payment. The amount of the service levy will be outlined in the Town's Schedule of Rates and Fees.

### **3.18. Financial Guarantees by Developer**

1. Council may require a developer before commencing a development to make such financial provisions and/or enter into such agreements as may be required to guarantee the payment of service levies, ensure site reinstatement, and to enforce the carrying out of any other condition attached to a permit.
2. The financial provisions pursuant to Regulation 3.18(1) may be made in the form of:
  - a) a cash deposit from the developer, to be held by the Council, or;
  - b) a security or guarantee by a bank, or other institution acceptable to Council.



### **3.19. Dedication of Land for Public Use**

Council may, for a development not involving a subdivision, require a portion of the land to be developed to be conveyed to the Town for a public purpose where public works are required to accommodate the proposed development.

### **3.20. Reinstatement of Land**

Council may order a developer, the occupier of a site, the owner, or any of them to restore a site to the satisfaction of Council where:

- a) the use of land is discontinued;
- b) the intensity of the use is decreased;
- c) a Permit to Develop has been revoked; or
- d) a Temporary Permit to Develop has expired.



### **3.21. Notice of Right to Appeal**

Where an authority makes a decision that may be appealed under Section 42 of the Act, that authority shall, in writing, at the time of making that decision, notify the person to whom the decision applies of the:

- a) person's right to appeal the decision to the board;
- b) time by which an appeal is to be made;
- c) right of other interested persons to appeal the decision; and
- d) manner of making an appeal and the address for the filing of the appeal.



### **3.22. Appeal Requirements**

1. The secretary of the board at the Department of Municipal Affairs, Main Floor, Confederation Building (West Block), P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, Nfld., A1B 4J6 is the secretary to all boards in the province and an appeal filed with that secretary within the time period referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act shall be considered to have been filed with the appropriate board.
3. The fee required under section 44 of the Act shall be paid to the board that hears the decision being appealed by filing it with the secretary referred to in subsection (1) or (2) within the 14 days referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act.
4. The board that hears the decision being appealed shall, subject to subsection 44(3) of the Act, retain the fee paid to the board.
5. Where an appeal of a decision and the required fee is not received by a board in accordance with this section and Part VI of the Act, the right to appeal that decision shall be considered to have been forfeited.



### **3.23. Appeal Registration**

1. Upon receipt of an appeal and fee as required under the Act and these Regulations, the secretary of the board as referred to in subsections 3.22 (1) and (2), shall immediately register the appeal.
2. Where an appeal has been registered the secretary of the board shall notify the appropriate authority of the appeal and shall provide to the authority a copy of the appeal and the documentation related to the appeal.
3. Where an authority has been notified of an appeal that authority shall forward to the appropriate board a copy of the application being appealed, all correspondence, council minutes, plans and other relevant information relating to the appeal including the names



and addresses of the applicant and other interested persons of whom the authority has knowledge.

4. Upon receipt of the information under subsection (3), the secretary of the board shall publish in a newspaper circulated in the area of the appropriate authority, a notice that the appeal has been registered.
5. A notice published under subsection (4) shall be published not fewer than 2 weeks before the date upon which the appeal is to be heard by the board.



### **3.24. Development Prohibited**

1. Immediately upon notice of the registration of an appeal the appropriate authority shall ensure that any development upon the property that is the subject of the appeal ceases.
2. Sections 102 and 104 of the Act apply to an authority acting under subsection (1).
3. Upon receipt of a notification of the registration of an appeal with respect to an order under section 102 of the Act, an authority shall not carry out work related to the matter being appealed.



### **3.25. Hearing Notice and Meetings**

1. A board shall notify the appellant, applicant, authority and other persons affected by the subject of an appeal of the date, time and place for the appeal not fewer than 7 days before the date scheduled for the hearing of the appeal.
2. A board may meet as often as is necessary to conduct its work in an expeditious manner.



### **3.26. Hearing of Evidence**

1. A board shall meet at a place within the area under its jurisdiction and the appellant and other persons notified under subsection 3.24 (1) or their representative may appear before the board and make representations with respect to the matter being appealed.
2. A board shall hear an appeal in accordance with section 43 of the Act and these Regulations.
3. A written report submitted under subsection 43(2) of the Act respecting a visit to and viewing of a property shall be considered to have been provided in the same manner as evidence directly provided at the hearing of the board.
4. In the conduct of an appeal hearing, the board is not bound by the rules of evidence.



### **3.27. Board Decision**

A decision of the board must comply with the plan, scheme or development regulations that apply to the matter that has been appealed to that board.



### **3.28. Variances**

1. Where an approval or permit cannot be given by an authority because a proposed development does not comply with development standards set out in development regulations, an authority may, in its discretion, vary the applicable development standards to a maximum of 10% if, in the authority's opinion, compliance with the development standards would prejudice the proper development of the land, building or structure in question or would be contrary to public interest.
2. An authority shall not allow a variance from development standards set out in development regulations if that variance, when considered together with other variances made or to be made with respect to the same land, building or structure, would have a cumulative effect



that is greater than a 10% variance even though the individual variances are separately no more than 10%.

3. An authority shall not permit a variance from development standards where the proposed development would increase the non conformity of an existing development.



### **3.29. Notice of Variance**

Where an authority is to consider a proposed variance, that authority shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance.



### **3.30. Residential Non-Conformity**

A residential building or structure referred to in paragraph 108(3)(g) of the Act must, where being repaired or rebuilt, be repaired or rebuilt in accordance with the plan and development regulations applicable to that building or structure.



### **3.31. Notice and Hearings on Change of Use**

Where considering a non conforming building, structure or development under paragraph 108(3)(d) of the Act and before making a decision to vary an existing use of that non-conforming building, structure or development, an authority, at the applicant's expense, shall publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area or by other means give public notice of an application to vary the existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development and shall consider any representations or submissions received in response to that advertisement.



### **3.32. Non-Conformance with Standards**

Where a building, structure or development does not meet the development standards included in development regulations, the building, structure or development shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the non-conformity and an expansion must comply with the development standards applicable to that building, structure or development.



### **3.33. Discontinuance of Non-Conforming Use**

An authority may make development regulations providing for a greater period of time than is provided under subsection 108(2) of the Act with respect to the time by which a discontinued non-conforming use may resume operation.



### **3.34. Delegation of powers**

An authority shall, where designating employees to whom a power is to be delegated under subsection 109(3) of the Act, make that designation in writing.



# 4. General Development Standards

## 4.1. Access and Service Streets

1. Access shall be located to the specification of Council so as to ensure the greatest possible convenience and safety of the street system.
2. Council may prescribe the construction of service streets to reduce the number of accesses to collector and arterial streets.
3. No vehicular access shall be closer than 10 metres to the street line of any street intersection.

## 4.2. Accessory Buildings

1. May be located on the same lot as the main building(s) to which it is accessory; or on an abutting lot, where both lots are under the same ownership.
2. The siting of an accessory building on a lot shall, where possible, be located in a rear yard, or in a sideyard where it does not project in from of the building line. However, accessory buildings may be permitted in a front yard where topography is such that placement in a rear yard is not possible.
3. No accessory building shall be developed so that it can be used as a room, flat or apartment.
4. Accessory buildings shall be complementary with the main building in terms of exterior finish, roofline and pitch.

## 4.3. Accessory Uses Permitted

Where these Regulations provide for any land to be used, or building to be erected or used for a purpose, the purpose shall include any accessory use. Such uses shall be clearly incidental and complementary to the use of the main building and be contained on the same lot as the main building or an adjoining lot where both lots are under the same ownership.

## 4.4. Advertisements

Advertisements and signs shall not be erected or displayed except in accordance with Section 6 of these Regulations.

## 4.5. Alterations to the Natural Environment

Development proposals shall include plans for grading, ditching, and landscaping. Significant alterations to the natural environment as part of a development (such as changing the drainage pattern or removing vegetation) will be considered during the evaluation of development proposals. Alterations which will adversely affect watercourses or adjacent property as a result of alterations to watercourses, drainage or grading shall not be permitted. Topsoil or sods shall not be removed except with the approval of Council.

## 4.6. Archaeological Assessment

Where archaeological resources are known to exist, or where they are likely to exist based on location or historical evidence, applications for development will be forwarded to the Historic Resources Division, Department of Tourism, Culture and Recreation for review and consideration under the Historic Resources Act. The Council or the Historic Resources Division may require an archaeological assessment. This assessment must be reviewed by the Historic Resources Division. The Council may apply conditions for the protection and preservation of any archaeological resources.



#### **4.7. Bed and Breakfast Establishments**

A “bed and breakfast” establishment in a single residential dwelling and where permitted shall be subject to the following conditions:

- a) the nature and scale of the proposed use is consistent with the adjoining development and the use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood;
- b) a parking area abutting a residential lot shall be appropriately screened by a fence, wall, or hedge of height not less than 1 metre and located a minimum distance of 1 metre from the edge of the parking area;
- c) a single, non-illuminated, free-standing sign, not exceeding 0.4 m<sup>2</sup> in area, shall be permitted, provided that the design of the sign is consistent with the residential character and amenity of the area;
- d) that the use is approved and licensed under the Tourist Establishment Regulations, 1996, administered by the Provincial Department of Tourism, Culture and Recreation.

#### **4.8. Buffer Strips**

Where development is proposed that, in the opinion of Council, will have a visual impact on a highway, viewscape or abutting land use, Council may require the owner of the site to provide a separation buffer to screen the development. The buffer shall include provision of such natural or structural barrier as may be required by Council and shall be maintained by the owner or occupier to the satisfaction of the Council.

#### **4.9. Building Height**

1. Council may permit the erection of buildings of a height greater than that specified in the Use Zone Tables found in Regulations 8.5-8.12, but in such cases the building line setback and rear yard requirements shall be varied as follows:
  - a) the building line setback shall be increased by 2 metres for every 1 metre increase in height;
  - b) the rear yard shall not be less than the minimum building line setback calculated as described in 4.9(1) above plus 6 metres.
2. Height requirements may be waived in the case of communication towers and antennae, and flagpoles. Where an increase of more than 20% in the permitted height of the structure is proposed it shall only be authorized under the provisions of Regulation 3.28 and 3.13.

#### **4.10. Building Line and Setback**

Council, by resolution, may establish building lines on an existing or proposed street or service street and may require any new buildings to be located on those building lines, whether or not such building lines conform to the standards set out in the Use Zone Tables in Regulations 8.5 to 8.12.

#### **4.11. Development in Areas Vulnerable to Flooding**

1. Proposals for development of lands located within flood risk areas identified in the Goulds Petty Harbour Area Flood Risk Mapping Project, 2013 by AMEC Environment and Infrastructure (or any subsequent revisions) and included in **Appendix B** of the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Municipal Plan 2014, are subject to the written approval of the Minister of Environment and Conservation under the *Water Resources Act*.

2. Lands located in the designated floodway (1:20 year flood zone) are primarily meant for conservation, docks, recreational open space. No residential development will be permitted in the 1:20 year floodway.
3. In order to minimize personal and property damage, particularly within areas identified as being in the floodway fringe (1:100 year flood zone), Council may require that soil conditions be assessed by a competent professional and that certain classes of buildings have been certified by a professional engineer.
4. Additions, modifications, enhancements and improvements to existing structures where there is an increase in the floor area within the flood plain, will be assessed for suitability in the same way as new development would be assessed.

#### **4.12. Structure in the Flood Risk Areas**

A structure in any identified Flood Risk Area can only be permitted where:

- a) the ground flood elevation of the structure is higher than the 1 in 100 year flood level and the climate change flood zone;
- b) the structure will not interfere with the flow of water or displace water such that it creates a worse flooding situation for other properties;
- c) the structure and the associated utilities have been designed and constructed in accordance with the approved flood proofing guidelines established by the Department of Environment and Conservation and entrances and exits from the buildings can be safely used without hindrance in the event of a flood;
- d) the proposed use of the building and site will not involve any storage of pollutants such as fuels, chemicals, pesticides etc.; and
- e) the development is in accordance with any additional conditions which may be set out for the specific project and included in a permit issued under Section 48 of the *Water Resources Act*.

#### **4.13. Home Childcare**

Childcare as a home occupation shall conform to the requirements of the *Child Care Services Act* and Regulations. Where required, a license to operate shall be obtained from the Department of Health and Community Services.

#### **4.14. Home Occupation**

The following conditions shall apply to the use of a dwelling for a home occupation:

- a) the residence is occupied by the operator of the home occupation;
- b) the use is clearly subsidiary to the residential use, does not alter the residential character of the property, and does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood. The external appearance of the dwelling shall not be changed by the home occupation;
- c) there are no more than two assistant employees employed on-site in addition to a resident of the dwelling;
- d) not more than 25 percent of the total floor area of the dwelling to a maximum of 45 m<sup>2</sup> is devoted to the home occupation;
- e) one off-street parking space, other than that required for the dwelling, is provided for every 22.5 m<sup>2</sup> of floor space occupied by the home occupation;
- f) no wholesale, outdoor storage of goods or equipment is carried out, any retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use;



- g) a single, non-illuminated, free-standing sign, not exceeding 0.4m<sup>2</sup> (4ft<sup>2</sup>) in area, shall be permitted;
- h) no change shall be made in the type, class or extent of the home occupation without a permit;
- i) the use shall not generate traffic, parking, sewage or water use in excess of what is normal in the residential area;
- j) no regular parking of commercial vehicles or trailers except for one vehicle with a gross weight of no greater than one tonne will be permitted;
- k) the residential lot has sufficient area to accommodate the parking requirement of the dwelling unit and the home occupation.

#### **4.15. Landscaping and Screening**

1. All land except that used for customer parking and vehicle access shall be landscaped and maintained by the owner or occupier to the satisfaction of Council.
2. Council may, in the case of existing unsightly development, order the owner or occupier to provide adequate and suitable landscaping or screening; and for this purpose may require the submission of an application giving details of the landscaping or screening, and these Regulations shall then apply to that application. The provision of adequate and suitable landscaping or screening may be made a condition of any development permit where, in the opinion of Council, the landscaping or screening is desirable to preserve amenity or to protect the environment.

#### **4.16. Lot Area**

1. No lot shall be reduced in area, either by the conveyance or alienation of any portion thereof or otherwise, so that any building or structure on such lot shall have a lot coverage that exceeds, or a front yard, rear yard, side yard, frontage or lot area that is less than that permitted by these Regulations for the zone in which such lot is located.
2. Where any part of a lot is required by these Regulations to be reserved as a yard, it shall continue to be so used regardless of any change in the ownership of the lot or any part thereof, and shall not be deemed to form part of an adjacent lot for the purpose of computing the area thereof available for building purposes.

#### **4.17. Lot Area and Size Exceptions**

Where, at the time of coming into effect of these Regulations, one or more lots already exist in any residential zone, with insufficient frontage or area to permit the owner or purchaser of such a lot or lots to comply with the provisions of these Regulations, then these Regulations shall not prevent the issuing of a permit by Council for the erection of a dwelling thereon, provided that the lot coverage and height are not greater than, and the yards and floor area are not less than the standards set out in these Regulations.

#### **4.18. Lot Frontage**

Except for accessory buildings, no new buildings shall be erected unless the lot on which it is situated fronts directly onto a street which has been constructed to standards established by Council.

#### **4.19. Mineral Exploration**

Mineral exploration activities shall meet the following conditions:

- a) the planned activities do not cause undue noise, significant ground disturbance or risks to the safety of residents in Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove;
- b) a plan to consult with and inform residents of the activity is submitted and approved by Council;
- c) all permits and approvals from federal and provincial agencies including the Department of Natural Resources have been obtained;
- d) a site rehabilitation plan is submitted and approved by Council for exploration activities which require trenching and/or creation of cutlines through wooded areas, or other forms of ground disturbance; and
- e) a refundable cash deposit of \$1000.00 has been made to Council which shall be returned when the rehabilitation work has been completed in accordance with the development permit and to the satisfaction of Council.

#### **4.20. Municipal Public Works, Utilities and Telecommunications**

The Council may within any zone permit land to be used in conjunction with the provision of public services, utilities and telecommunications.

#### **4.21. Non-Conforming Uses**

Applications involving non-conforming uses shall be processed in accordance with Section 108 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act* and Regulations 3.31-3.33 of these Regulations. If a non-conforming uses ceases to exist for a period of more than twelve months, new uses for the property and any buildings must conform to the requirements of the land use zone in which it is located.

#### **4.22. Parks, Playgrounds and Conservation Uses**

Nothing in these Regulations shall prevent the designation of conservation areas or the establishment of parks and playgrounds in any zone provided that such parks and playgrounds are not located in areas which may be hazardous to their use and are not operated for commercial purposes.

#### **4.23. Side Yards**

Side yards shall be kept clear of obstruction and shall be provided on the exposed sides of every building in order to provide access for the maintenance of that building.

#### **4.24. Slopes Greater than 15%**

Before approving development of a site having a slope greater than 15%, the Council shall require submission of a review of the development proposal by a certified engineer, landscape architect, or similar professional. The review shall evaluate the adequacy of site grading, drainage, and landscaping in relation to storm drainage, erosion onto and flooding of adjacent development, roads, lands and waterbodies receiving run-off from the site, and any other matter that Council deems necessary.

#### **4.25. Soils and Drainage**

Development shall only be permitted on lands having soil and drainage conditions that are suitable to permit the proper siting and development of the proposed uses.



#### **4.26. Soil Removal, Deposit and Site Grading**

1. Removal or placement of soil or other material, or alteration to the natural grade or drainage of a property which adversely affects a watercourse or adjacent property shall not be permitted.
2. Alteration of hillsides with slopes greater than 30% through the deposition of fill or by excavation, whether for the purposes of creating land suitable for development or not, regardless of land use zone, shall be prohibited.
3. Where not part of an approved development, any land disturbance involving the removal, deposition or grading on a property affecting more than 25 square meters in area shall require application, review and approval by the Town and show the full extent of disturbance that is intended. Council may require a developer to assess geotechnical aspects, visual and environmental impacts, as well as impacts on adjoining properties; and
4. Where alterations to the landscape are approved, financial guarantees may be required to ensure adequate site rehabilitation and/or landscaping.

#### **4.27. Watercourse Protection**

1. No development shall be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of any body of water or wetland without approval from the Department of Environment and Conservation and, if fish habitat is affected, from Fisheries and Oceans, Canada. Council may require larger buffer areas around watercourses where identified flood plains, steep slopes or unstable soil conditions (for example) could result in damage to watercourses and wildlife habitat as a result of development. For the purposes of assessing applications in areas known to be at risk of flooding, the high water mark is considered to be the 1:100 year flood level.
2. Council shall require that water crossings, bridges, culverts, stream diversions and stormwater management devices are planned, designed and constructed so as to ensure that fish habitat and passage is preserved, protected, and where possible, enhanced.

#### **4.28. Water Pressures/Fire Flows**

Development may be refused where water pressures and fire flows cannot be guaranteed.

#### **4.29. Groundwater Protection**

Development in areas not serviced by the municipal water and sewer system will be required to assess groundwater quantity and quality in accordance with the Provincial Department of Environment and Conservation Groundwater Supply Assessment and Reporting Guidelines for Subdivisions Serviced by Individual Private Wells, 2009.

#### **4.30. Public Access to Shorelines**

Proposed development adjacent to the coastline where permitted shall be required to preserve any public access or right of ways to the shoreline.

#### **4.31. Protection of Community Trails and Footpaths**

Proposed development or the use of public right of way for access to private property, shall not be permitted where it would block or prevent the use of traditional footpaths, whether on private or public property by pedestrians. New development may be required to provide a separation buffer between a proposed development and existing trail, pathway or public right of way.



# 5. Off-Street Parking and Loading

## 5.1. Parking Required

For every building, structure or use to be erected, enlarged or established, there shall be provided and maintained a quantity of off-street parking spaces sufficient to ensure that the flow of traffic on adjacent streets is not impeded by the parking of vehicles associated with that building, structure or use.

## 5.2. Parking Spaces

The number of parking spaces to be provided for any building, structure, use or occupancy shall conform to the standards set out in table below. Parking requirements for uses not specifically listed below shall be determined by Council.

| <i>Residential Land Uses</i>                          | <i>Parking Requirement</i>   |
|---|--|
| <b>Single detached, double dwelling, row dwelling</b> | <b>1 space per unit</b>  |
| <b>Apartment dwelling</b>                             | <b>1 space per unit</b>  |
| <b>Tourism Accommodation</b>                          | <b>1 space per guest room</b>                                      |
| <b>Home Based Occupation</b>                          | <b>1 space in addition to that required by the residential use</b> |
| <b>Residential Care/Retirement Home</b>               | <b>2 spaces + 0.5 spaces per resident</b>                          |

The number of parking spaces required for commercial, industrial, general and public uses shall be determined at the discretion of Council.

## 5.3. Parking Area Design Standards

Parking areas or parking lots associated with a development requiring more than four parking spaces will meet the following standards:

- no part of any off-street parking area shall be closer than 1.5 metres to the front lot line in any zone;
- parking standards to accommodate persons with disabilities shall meet the requirement of the Buildings Accessibility Act and Regulations; and
- parking areas shall, except in the case of single or attached residential dwellings, be arranged so that it is not necessary for any vehicle to reverse onto or from a street.

## 5.4. Off-Street Loading Requirements

- For every building, structure or use to be erected, enlarged or established requiring the shipping, loading or unloading of goods, wares or merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained for the premises, loading facilities on land that is not part of a street comprised of one or more loading spaces, 15 metres long, 4 metres wide and having a vertical clearance of at least 4 metres with direct access to a street or with access by a driveway of a minimum width of 6 metres to a street.
- The number of loading spaces to be provided shall be determined by Council.
- The loading facilities required by this Regulation shall be arranged so that vehicles can move clear of any street and so that it is not necessary for any vehicle to reverse onto or from a street.



# 6. Signs

## 6.1. Permit Required

Subject to provisions of Regulation 6.7, no sign shall be erected or displayed in the Planning Area unless a permit for the sign is first obtained from Council.

## 6.2. Provincial Highway Sign Regulations

All signs or advertisements to be erected within the boundaries of the Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove must be approved in accordance with these Regulations. Where provisions of the Town of Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Development Regulations are inconsistent with the regulations respecting advertising signs on or near public highways made or administered by provincial departments under the *Provincial Highway Sign Regulations*, the more restrictive regulations apply.

## 6.3. Form of Application

Application for a permit to erect or display a sign shall be made to Council in accordance with Regulation 3.1 and 3.6.

## 6.4. Signs Prohibited in Street Reservation

Unless otherwise permitted by these or other regulations (*Highway Sign Regulations*, Provincial Highway signs for example) no sign shall be permitted to be erected or displayed within, on or over any highway or street reservation.

## 6.5. Permit Valid for Limited Period

A permit granted under these Regulations for the erection or display of a sign shall be for a period not exceeding two years, but may be renewed at the discretion of Council for similar periods.

## 6.6. Removal of Signs

Notwithstanding the provisions of these Regulations, Council may require the removal of any sign which, in its opinion, is:

- a) hazardous to road traffic by reason of its siting, colour, illumination, or structural condition, or;
- b) detrimental to the amenities of the surrounding area.

## 6.7. Signs Exempt from Control

The following signs may be erected or displayed in the Planning Area without application to the Council:

- a) on a dwelling or within the courtyard of a dwelling, one nameplate not exceeding 0.2 m<sup>2</sup> in area;
- b) on an agricultural holding or farm, a notice board not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in area and relating to the operations being conducted on the land;
- c) on any site occupied by a church, school, library, art gallery, museum, institution or cemetery, one notice board not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in area;
- d) the name of the building or the name of the occupants of the building, located on the principal façade of any commercial, industrial or public building, in letters not exceeding 10% of the building height or 3m, whichever is the lesser;



- e) on any parking lot, directional signs and one sign not exceeding 1m<sup>2</sup> in size, identifying the parking lot;
- f) real estate sales, leasing or open house signs up to a maximum area of 1m<sup>2</sup>;
- g) signs placed by candidates at municipal, provincial or federal elections;
- h) signs for temporary local events such as festivals, from one month before the event and to be removed within one week of its conclusion;
- i) temporary signs on construction sites warning of danger and or outlining the nature of the development up to a maximum area of 7.5m<sup>2</sup>.

### 6.8. Approval Subject to Conditions

A permit may only be issued for the erection or display of signs which comply with the appropriate conditions and specifications set out in the following regulations and the Use Zones in Section 8 of these Regulations.

### 6.9. Prohibited Signs

Billboards, signs with flashing lights or moving parts or any sign not listed in Regulation 6.11 will not be permitted.

### 6.10. General Standards for Signs

1. All signs must be located on the property where the person/activity/business being advertised is located unless otherwise permitted in these Regulations.
2. Signs in all zones must be maintained in good condition (e.g. no peeling paint, rotting wood, etc.) and shall not present a safety hazard in terms of structural stability.

### 6.11. Sign Specifications

The following tables outline the specifications that shall apply to all signs erected for any commercial use. At the discretion of Council, the conditions and dimensions in the following table may be modified.

| <i>Heritage Area</i>           |                      |  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| <i>Location</i>                | <i>Property Type</i> | <i>Maximum Dimension</i>               |
| Along Main Road                | Non-residential      | 3 m <sup>2</sup>                       |
| Roads other than the main road | Residential          | 2800 cm <sup>2</sup> (non-illuminated) |
|                                |                      |  |
| <i>Commercial Industrial</i>   |                      |  |
| <i>Location</i>                | <i>Property Type</i> | <i>Maximum Dimension</i>               |
| On-site                        | Non-residential      | 5 m <sup>2</sup>                       |

| <i>Residential Medium Density</i> |                                |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| <i>Location</i>                   | <i>Property Type</i>           | <i>Maximum Dimension</i>               |
| Along Main Road                   | Non-residential                | 3 m <sup>2</sup>                       |
| Along Maddox Cove Road            | Non-residential                | 3 m <sup>2</sup>                       |
| Other Roads                       | Residential                    | 2800 cm <sup>2</sup> (non-illuminated) |
| <i>Rural</i>                      |                                |  |
| <i>Location</i>                   | <i>Property Type</i>           | <i>Maximum Dimension</i>               |
| On-site                           | Residential or Non-residential | 5 m <sup>2</sup>                       |



# 7. Subdivision of Land

## 7.1. Permit Required

No land in the Planning Area shall be subdivided unless a permit for the development of the subdivision is first obtained from Council, in accordance with Regulation 3.1.

## 7.2. Development Agreement

As a condition of approval for new developments, Council shall require a developer to enter into an agreement with the Municipality. Such agreements will be negotiated between the developer and the Municipality for financing and development of services provided to the site. The agreement shall include specifications for water and sewer infrastructure, storm drainage, streets, sidewalks, open space, as well as school bus stops and neighbourhood mailboxes, where required.

## 7.3. Services to be Provided

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision unless provisions satisfactory to Council have been made in the application for a supply of drinking water, a properly designed sewage disposal system and a properly designed storm drainage system.

## 7.4. Payment of Service Levies and Other Charges

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision until agreement has been reached for the payment of all fees levied by Council for connection to services, utilities and streets deemed necessary for the proper development of the subdivision and all service levies and other charges imposed under Regulations 3.17 and 3.18.

## 7.5. Issue of Permit Subject to Considerations

A permit shall not be issued when, in the opinion of Council, the development of a subdivision does not contribute to the orderly growth of the municipality and does not demonstrate sound design principles. In considering an application, Council shall, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, consider:

- a) the location of the land;
- b) the availability of, and the demand created for, schools, services and utilities;
- c) the provisions of the Plan and Regulations affecting the site;
- d) the land use, physical form and character of adjacent developments;
- e) the transportation network and traffic densities affecting the site;
- f) the relationship of the project to existing or potential sources of nuisance;
- g) soil and subsoil characteristics;
- h) the topography of the site and its drainage;
- i) natural features such as lakes, streams, topsoil, trees and shrubs;
- j) prevailing winds;
- k) visual quality;
- l) community facilities;
- m) energy conservation; and
- n) other matters as may affect the proposed development.

## **7.6. Proposals for Subdivision of Land**

Proposals for the subdivision of lands for residential, commercial and industrial development shall be required to provide information on:

- a) the physical features of the site, including development opportunities and constraints;
- b) the layout of proposed lots and streets;
- c) how the proposed subdivision relates to existing development and roads on adjacent lands, and provide for future access to undeveloped lands in the area;
- d) the compatibility between the subdivision and surrounding land uses, both existing and future;
- e) the volume and type of traffic that will be generated by the development;
- f) proposed servicing, including water and sewer, storm water management, and utilities from the main street;
- g) in residential subdivisions, the locations of neighbourhood mail boxes; and
- h) a landscaping plan which shows the location of dedicated open space and plantings.

## **7.7. Form of Application**

Application for a permit to develop a subdivision shall be made to Council in accordance with Regulation 3.6.

## **7.8. Subdivision Subject to Zoning**

The subdivision of land shall be permitted only in conformity with the Use Zones delineated on the Land Use Zoning Maps.

## **7.9. Building Lines**

Council may establish building lines for any subdivision street and require any new building to be located on such building lines.

## **7.10. Land for Public Open Space**

1. Before a development commences, the developer shall, if required, dedicate to the Town (at no cost to the Town) an area of land equivalent to not more than 10% of the gross area of the subdivision for public open space, provided that:
  - a) where land is subdivided for any purpose other than residential use, Council shall determine the percentage of land to be dedicated;
  - b) if, in the opinion of Council, no public open space is required, the land may be used for such other public use as Council may determine;
  - c) the location and suitability of any land dedicated under the provisions of this Regulation shall be subject to the approval of the Council, but in any case, Council shall not accept land which, in its opinion, is incapable of development for any purpose;
  - d) Council may accept from the developer, in lieu of such area or areas of land, the payment of a sum of money equal to the value of the land which would otherwise be required to be dedicated;
  - e) money received by Council in accordance with Regulation 7.10(1d) shall be reserved by Council for the purpose of the acquisition or development of land for public open space or other public purpose.
2. Land dedicated for public use in accordance with this Regulation shall be conveyed to the Town and may be sold or leased by Council for the purposes of any development that conforms with the requirements of these Regulations, and the proceeds of any sale or other



disposition of land shall be applied against the cost of acquisition or development of any other land for the purposes of public open space or other public purposes.

3. Council may require a strip of land to be reserved and remain undeveloped along the banks of any river, brook or pond, and this land may, at the discretion of Council, constitute the requirement of land for public use under Regulation 7.10(1).

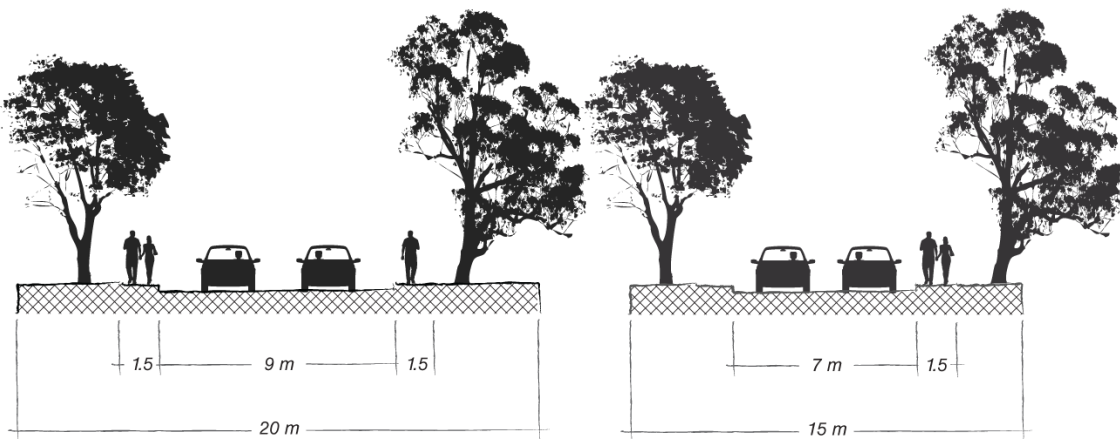
### 7.11. Structure in Street Reservation

The placing within any street reservation of any structure or landscaping, for example, a hydro pole, telegraph or telephone pole, fire hydrant, mail box, sign post or planting of street trees) shall receive the prior approval of Council which shall be satisfied on the question of safe construction and relationship to the adjoining buildings and other structures within the street reservation.

### 7.12. Subdivision Design Standards

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision unless the design of the subdivision conforms to the following standards;

- a) the finished grade of streets shall not exceed 10 percent.
- b) new subdivisions shall have street connections with an existing street or streets.
- c) all street intersections shall be constructed within 10° of a right angle and this alignment shall be maintained for 30 metres from the intersection.
- d) no street intersection shall be closer than 60 metres to any other street intersection.
- e) no more than four streets shall join at any street intersection.
- f) no residential street block shall be longer than 490 metres between street intersections.
- g) streets in residential subdivisions shall be designed in accordance with the approved standards of Council, but in the absence of such standards, shall conform to the following minimum standards:



#### Collector Street

|                         |            |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Street Right-of-Way:    | 20 metres  |
| Street Width:           | 9 metres   |
| Minimum Sidewalk Width: | 1.5 metres |
| Number of Sidewalks:    | 2          |

#### Local Street

|                         |            |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Street Right-of-Way:    | 15 metres  |
| Street Width:           | 7 metres   |
| Minimum Sidewalk Width: | 1.5 metres |
| Number of Sidewalks:    | 1          |

- h) residential lots shall not be permitted which abut a local street at both front and rear lot lines.
- i) Council may require any existing natural, historical or architectural feature or part thereof to be retained when a subdivision is developed.
- j) land shall not be subdivided in such a manner as to prejudice the development of adjoining land.

#### **7.13. Cul de Sacs**

Cul de sacs will generally be discouraged. Where permitted the following design standards are required:

- a) a turning circle of a diameter not less than 30 m;
- b) the maximum length of any cul de sac shall be:
  - i) 110 m (without emergency vehicle access)
  - ii) 230 m (with emergency access)
- c) emergency vehicle access to a cul de sac shall be not less than 3 m wide and shall connect the head of the cul de sac with an adjacent street.

#### **7.14. Engineer to Design Works and Certify Construction Layout**

1. Plans and specification for all water mains, hydrants, sanitary sewers, storm sewers and all appurtenances thereto and all streets, paving, curbs, gutters and catch basins and all other utilities deemed necessary by Council to service the area proposed to be developed or subdivided shall be designed and prepared by or approved by the Engineer. Such designs and specifications shall, upon approval by Council, be incorporated in the plan of subdivision.
2. Upon approval by Council of the proposed subdivision, the Engineer shall certify all work of construction layout preliminary to the construction of the works and thereupon the developer shall proceed to the construction and installation, at his or her own cost and in accordance with the approved designs and specifications and the construction layout certified by the Engineer, of all such water mains, hydrants, sanitary sewers and all appurtenances and of all such streets and other works deemed necessary by Council to service the said area.

#### **7.15. Street Works May Be Deferred**

The construction and installation of all curbs and gutters, catch basins, sidewalks and paving specified by Council as being necessary, may, at Council's discretion, be deferred until a later stage of the work on the development of the subdivision but the developer shall deposit with the Authority before approval of his or her application, an amount estimated by the Engineer as reasonably sufficient to cover the cost of construction and installation of the works. Any amount so deposited with the Authority by the developer shall be placed in a separate savings account in a bank and all interest earned thereon shall be credited to the developer.



#### **7.16. Transfer of Streets and Utilities to the Town**

1. Where required by the terms of a Subdivision Development Agreement, the developer shall, following the approval of the subdivision of land by Council, transfer to the Town, at no cost to the Town:
  - a) all lands in the area proposed to be developed or subdivided which are approved and designated by Council for public uses as streets, or rights-of-way, or for other public use;
  - b) all services or public works including streets, water supply and distribution and sanitary and storm drainage systems installed in the subdivision that are normally owned and operated by Council.
2. Before Council shall accept the transfer of lands, services or public works of any subdivision, the Engineer shall, at the cost to the developer, test the streets, services and public works installed in the subdivision and certify satisfaction with their installation.
3. Council shall not provide maintenance for any street, service or public work in any subdivision until such time as such street, service or public work has been transferred to and accepted by Council.
4. All land to be transferred to the Town shall be clear of all liens and encumbrances.

#### **7.17. Restriction on Sale of Lots**

The developer shall not develop or dispose of any lot within a subdivision for the purposes of development and no building permit shall be issued until Council is satisfied that:

- a) the lot can be served with satisfactory water supply and sewage disposal systems; and
- b) satisfactory access to a street is provided for the lots.

# 8. Use Zone Tables

## 8.1. Use Zones

1. For the purpose of these Regulations, the Planning Area is divided into Use Zones which are shown on the Petty Harbour-Maddox Cove Land Use Zoning Map (**Appendix A**) which forms part of these Regulations as follows:

|                                |            |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Heritage Area</b>           | <b>HA</b>  |
| <b>Residential</b>             | <b>RES</b> |
| <b>Harbourfront</b>            | <b>H</b>   |
| <b>Commercial-Industrial</b>   | <b>C-I</b> |
| <b>Rural</b>                   | <b>RU</b>  |
| <b>Open Space Conservation</b> | <b>OS</b>  |
| <b>Recreation</b>              | <b>REC</b> |
| <b>Watershed</b>               | <b>W</b>   |

2. Subject to Regulation 8.1(1), the permitted and discretionary uses, standards, requirements and conditions applicable to each Use Zone are set out in Section 8.5 to 8.12.
3. Where standards, requirements and conditions applicable in a Use Zone are not set out in Sections 8.5 to 8.12, Council may in its discretion, determine the standards, requirements and conditions which shall apply.
4. **Appendix C** contains a table listing classes of uses and examples of specific uses for each use class can be used to interpret a proposed use and determine whether it is permitted, discretionary or prohibited in the applicable use zone.

## 8.2. Interpretation of Use Zones

Where possible the boundaries of the use zones follow identifiable features such as streets, watercourses, and coastline. Where there is any uncertainty concerning the zoning of a property proposed for development, Council may interpret the exact location of the zoning boundary in a manner that is consistent with the intent and policies of the Municipal Plan without amendment to the Land Use Zoning Map.

## 8.3. Permitted Uses

Subject to these Regulations, the uses that fall within the permitted Use Classes set out in the Use Zones in Sections 8.5 to 8.12 shall be permitted by Council in that Use Zone.

## 8.4. Discretionary Uses

Subject to these Regulations, the uses that fall within the Discretionary Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone in Sections 8.5 to 8.12 may be permitted in that Use Zone if the Council is satisfied that the development would not be contrary to the general intent and purpose of these Regulations, the Municipal Plan, or any further scheme or plan or regulation pursuant thereto, and to the public interest, and if Council has given notice of the application in accordance with Regulation 3.13 and has considered any objections or representations which may have been received on the matter.

## 8.5. Prohibited Uses

Uses that do not fall within the Permitted or Discretionary Use or Use Class, or are specifically listed as a Prohibited Use in a Use Zone in Sections 8.5 to 8.12, shall not be permitted in that Use Zone.





## 8.6 Heritage Area (HA)

### 8.6.1. Permitted Uses

|   |
|---|
| Single dwelling and subsidiary apartment        |
| Double dwelling                                 |
| Child care                                      |
| Home office                                     |
| Recreational open space (parks, walking trails) |

### 8.6.2. Discretionary Uses

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Apartment building (up to 6 units)  | Assisted living accommodation            |
| Row dwelling (up to 4 units)  |  |
| Home occupations including: Light industry such as manufacturing of crafts, art; medical and professional service; Private School for teaching individuals or small groups including such things as music, art or craft, but excluding nursery or pre-school education. |  |
| Cultural and civic  | Educational                              |
| General Assembly  | Place of worship                         |
| Bed and breakfast   | Inn                                      |
| Convenience store   | Medical service                          |
| Office and professional service   | Personal service                         |
| Restaurant  | Shop                                     |
| Light industry (marine-related)   |  |
| Utilities   | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |

### 8.6.3. Lot Requirements

| <i>Standard</i>                           | <i>Single</i>                 | <i>Double</i> | <i>Row</i>           | <i>Apartment</i>                   |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Minimum lot area (m<sup>2</sup>)</b>   | 330 (See also Section 8.6.4)  | 275/unit      | 250/unit             | At the<br>Discretion<br>of Council |
| <b>Minimum floor area (m<sup>2</sup>)</b> | 60                            | 60/unit       | 50/unit              |                                    |
| <b>Minimum lot frontage</b>               | 12 m (see also Section 8.6.4) | 10/unit       | 10/unit<br>(average) |                                    |
| <b>Minimum setback</b>                    | 2 m                           |               |                      |                                    |

### 8.6.4. Development/Redevelopment of Existing Lots

Proposal for development of vacant lots that exist at the time these regulations come into effect, or for development/redevelopment of existing developed lots may be considered, where the lot size and frontage are less than the minimum set out in Section 8.6.3, provided that the development can meet the required setback and side yards set out in 8.6.3 and a rear yard that is no less than 6m.

### 8.6.5. Flood Risk Areas

Proposals for development within the identified flood risk areas shall be in accordance with Regulation 4.11 and 4.12 of these Regulations.



#### **8.6.6. Backlot Development**

Notwithstanding Regulation 4.18 of these Regulations, the following standards and conditions shall apply to the development of flag lots, or backlots:

- a) All backlots shall have a permanent and direct access to a publicly maintained street which is included in the Town's Limit of Servicing Agreement;
- b) No more than one dwellings shall be permitted to share an access and driveway;
- c) Future development:
  - i) The development of the lot would not prevent the use of adjoining lands for future development. Where there is potential for additional development in the area, the lot and access shall be developed in a manner which will accommodate future development. As such, the access to the public street to which the owner much have clear title, shall be a minimum width of 12.2 metres to accommodate future public use;
  - ii) Where there is no potential for future development, the access to the public street shall be a minimum of 5 metres in width and shall be treated as a private driveway;
  - iii) Where an access is proposed to be shared, the Authority will require a signed agreement to be in place among those sharing the access prior to any approval;
- d) Only single dwellings shall be permitted to develop on backlots;
- e) The access to the Public Street is ditched on both sides to provide drainage to the public street to which it has access;
- f) No dwelling shall be located more than 125 metres from a fire hydrant or from a public street to which it has access;
- g) Council shall refer all applications for the development of backlots to the Municipal Fire Department for confirmation that adequate fire flows can be delivered to the site of any proposed single dwelling before a development permit is approved;
- h) The dwelling is separated from, and oriented, in a manner that does not adversely affect the privacy and enjoyment of adjoining properties. Separation distances may be required by the Authority as a condition for development.

#### **8.6.7. Accessory Buildings**

Accessory buildings shall have a lot coverage no greater than 7% and a height of no more than 3 metres.

#### **8.6.8. Servicing**

Water and sewage disposal shall be provided by connection to the Town systems.

#### **8.6.9. Commercial Uses**

Commercial uses such as restaurants, convenience stores and shops will only be permitted as a discretionary use under the following conditions:

- a) The store shall be located on the main road, or at an intersection with the main road;
- b) Parking, and building materials shall be similar in style and compatible with the Heritage Area;
- c) Shops selling craft products may be considered in locations off the main road.



#### **8.6.10. New Developments**

The following conditions shall apply to new development in the Heritage Area Use Zone:

- a) The size, scale, materials and colours of the new development shall be similar to those in the surrounding area and follow the conditions set out in 8.5.11-8.5.16.
- b) Strict building line requirements in the Heritage Area Use Zone may be varied at Council's discretion, based on prevailing site conditions, surrounding development patterns, and the setbacks of adjacent dwellings.
- c) On-site parking requirements may be waived for development not located on the main road, provided that the development can be assured of off-street parking adequate to permit snow-clearing and customer parking.
- d) Council will give notice and consult with area residents on development proposals. Council will take into account input from the public in determining the conditions of a new development's approval.

#### **8.6.11. Additions, Renovations and Alterations**

1. An existing structure that conforms to the architectural style of the Heritage Area Use Zone may be expanded provided the changes are consistent with the style of the original building.
2. An existing structure that does not conform to the architectural style of the Heritage Area Use Zone may be expanded provided the proposed changes bring the structure into conformance, or more into conformance, and that the additions is consistent with the architectural style of the original building
3. Any new building shall be visually compatible with the size, scale, colour, material, texture, and character of the main building on the site, adjacent buildings and the overall character and environment of the immediate area and the Heritage Area Use Zone as a whole.
4. Original architectural features which have deteriorated shall be repaired in the event replacement is necessary, the new material shall match the material being replaced in composition, design, colour, textures, and other visual qualities.
5. Contemporary design for changes to existing properties may be permitted when:
  - a) Such alterations and additions do not destroy character defining, historical, architectural, or cultural material; and
  - b) Such design is compatible with the size, scale, colour, material, texture and character of the property, neighbourhood, or environment.
6. Non-original material may be used where the non-original material is similar in appearance to the original and the traditional appearance of the building is maintained.

#### **8.6.12. General Form and Scale**

1. The scale of a structure after alteration, construction, or partial demolition must be compatible with its architectural style and character, and with surrounding buildings and structure.
2. The relationship of the width to the height of the principal façade must be retained as close as possible to the original.

#### **8.6.13. Parking**

Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 5 of these Regulations, parking requirements in the Heritage Area Use Zone for uses that require parking for visitors or customers may be reduced provided the applicant can demonstrate how parking can be accommodated, either on-site or off-site, in a manner acceptable to Council.

## 8.7 Residential (RES)

### 8.7.1. Permitted Uses

|   |
|---|
| Single dwelling                                 |
| Double dwelling                                 |
| Subsidiary apartment                            |
| Child care                                      |
| Home office                                     |
| Recreational open space (parks, walking trails) |
| Conservation                                    |

### 8.7.2. Discretionary Uses

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Apartment building   | Assisted living accommodation                      |
| Row dwelling   |  |
| Cultural and civic   | Educational  |
| Place of worship   |  |
| Home occupations including:<br>Bed and breakfast; medical, office and professional, and personal service; shop; light industry |  |
| Convenience store  | Café and restaurant (limited to 70m <sup>2</sup> ) |
| Medical service  | Office and professional service                    |
| Personal service   |  |
| Utilities  | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna           |

### 8.7.3. Lot Requirements

| <i>Standard</i>                      | <i>Single</i> | <i>Double</i> | <i>Row</i>           | <i>Apartment</i> |              |              |              |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                      |               |               |                      | <i>1-bed</i>     | <i>2-bed</i> | <i>3-bed</i> | <i>4-bed</i> |
| Minimum lot area (m <sup>2</sup> )   | 450           | 390/unit      | 350/unit             | 200/<br>unit     | 250/<br>unit | 280/<br>unit | 300/<br>unit |
| Minimum floor area (m <sup>2</sup> ) | 80            | 80/unit       | 65/unit              | 40/<br>unit      | 50/<br>unit  | 60/<br>unit  | 70/<br>unit  |
| Minimum lot frontage                 | 15 m          | 15 m          | 12/unit<br>(average) |                  | 42 m         |              |              |
| Minimum setback                      | 6 m           | 6 m           | 6 m                  |                  | 8 m          |              |              |
| Minimum side yard                    | 1.5 m         | 1.5 m         | 1.5 m                |                  | 5 m          |              |              |
| Minimum flanking yard                | 6 m           | 6 m           | 6 m                  |                  | 6 m          |              |              |
| Minimum rear yard                    | 10 m          | 10 m          | 10 m                 |                  | 12 m         |              |              |
| Maximum lot coverage                 | 33%           | 33%           | 33%                  |                  | 33%          |              |              |
| Maximum building height              | 8 m           | 8 m           | 10 m                 |                  | 10 m         |              |              |

### 8.7.4. Accessory Buildings

Accessory buildings shall have a lot coverage no greater than 7%, up to a maximum size of 70 m<sup>2</sup>, and a height of no more than 4 metres.

### 8.7.5. Servicing

1. Council shall ensure that the impacts of proposed new development projects on the Town's water, stormwater and wastewater treatment systems are assessed.



2. New developments may be refused where it has been determined that there is insufficient water or sewage capacity to accommodate the development.

#### **8.7.6. New Development along Motion Bay Road Extension**

The following conditions shall apply to development proposed beyond the 2012 limits of the publicly maintained portion of Motion Bay Road Extension:

1. Only one additional dwelling may be permitted to be constructed on the west side of the existing public right of way immediately beyond the last existing dwelling on the street;
2. Additional development on the east side of the public right of way shall be limited to two additional accesses immediately beyond the last existing dwelling on the street.
3. Motion Bay Road Extension shall be upgraded across the full frontage of the proposed lot to Town standards and serviced with Town water, and where possible, connection to Town sewer;
4. A grading plan for the development is submitted for approval showing the extent of cut and fill, the current and finished grade in relation to the proposed dwelling, abutting properties and the street;
5. Subdivision development to the east of Motion Bay Road may be considered where the development proposes a new street with access to Motion Bay Road Extension, serviced with piped water and piped sewer service (where possible). Such development will be subject to the requirements of these Regulations for subdivision development and must include a grading plan prepared by a professional engineer.

#### **8.7.7. Non-residential Uses**

Non-residential uses such as convenience stores and other retail and service businesses will only be permitted as a discretionary use under the following conditions:

- a) The use shall be located on the main road, or at an intersection with the main road;
- b) The retail use shall be designed to complement the residential character of the area, and shall not affect residential amenities of adjoining properties by virtue of the placement of parking, lighting or hours of operation.

#### **8.7.8. Subdivision Development – Maddox Cove**

Expansion of residential development in Maddox Cove north of the ballfield to the Town boundary shall be permitted on the basis of a plan of subdivision approved by Council. Development in this area shall be serviced from the municipal water and sewer system and include pedestrian trails, protection of natural features and waterways consistent with the policies of the Municipal Plan.

Council shall ensure that adequate capacity exists in the water and sewer system to accommodate the development prior to issuing any approvals.

## 8.8 Harbourfront (H)

### 8.8.1. Permitted Uses

|                         |                                    |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Bed and breakfast       | Home Office                        |
| Outdoor market          | Restaurant                         |
| Cultural and civic      | Museum                             |
| General assembly        |                                    |
| General Industry        | Light Industry                     |
| Marina                  | Transportation (Wharves and docks) |
| Recreational open space |                                    |

### 8.8.2. Discretionary Use

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Single family dwelling (limited to existing) |  |
| Club and lodge                               | Convenience store                        |
| Shop   | Take-out food service                    |
| Indoor market                                |  |
| Hotel  |  |
| General service                              | Medical service                          |
| Office and professional service              | Personal service                         |
| Passenger assembly                           | Taxi stand                               |
| Utilities                                    | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |

### 8.8.3. Prohibited Uses

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Temporary accommodations |
|--------------------------|

### 8.8.4. Access to the Harbour

Proposed development adjacent to the harbour, where permitted, shall be required to preserve existing access and parking.

### 8.8.5. Residential Developments

Residential development in the Harbourfront Use Zone shall be limited to existing residential uses. Additions or extensions of existing residential developments may be permitted at the discretion of Council. New residential development shall not be permitted in the Harbourfront Use Zone.

### 8.8.6. Flood Risk Areas

Regardless of whether a development is listed as a permitted or discretionary use in this land use zone, development located within the flood risk areas within this land use zone shall only be permitted where they are in accordance with Regulations 4.11 and 4.12, policies G-10 and G11 of the Petty Harbour – Maddox Cove Municipal Plan and the provincial Flood Plain Policy. Development within the floodway will require approval by the Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Conservation.

The Climate Change 2050 Flood Risk Map in appendix D is provided for information.



## 8.9 Commercial-Industrial (C-I)

### 8.9.1. Permitted Uses

|                         |
|-------------------------|
| Home office             |
| Recreational open space |

### 8.9.2. Discretionary Uses

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| General service  | Personal service                         |
| Home occupation  | Office and professional service          |
| Indoor market    | Outdoor market                           |
| General industry | Light industry                           |
| Service station  | Transportation                           |
| Utilities        | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |

### 8.9.3. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this use zone table may be permitted if Council is satisfied that the development will not have unacceptable impacts on residential areas or dwellings in the area.

### 8.9.4. General Industry

The following conditions shall apply to industrial uses in this Use Zone:

1. The site shall be suitable for the proposed industrial use in terms of slope and vehicle access.
2. The use shall not require municipal water and sewer services.
3. The use may be required to be screened from view, if in Council's opinion the use will have an adverse visual impact on the built-up areas of the Town.

### 8.9.5. Service Stations

Automobile service stations and garages shall conform to the following conditions:

- a) all gasoline pumps shall be located on pump islands designed for such purpose and to which automobiles may gain access from either side;
- b) pump islands shall be set back at least 4 metres from the front lot line;
- c) a canopy for sheltering pump islands may be erected provided that no part of the canopy is located within 3 metres of the street or lot line;
- d) access points shall be at least 7 metres wide and shall be clearly marked; and
- e) where a service station is located on a corner lot, the centre line of any access shall be at least 15 metres from the centre line of the junction. The lot line between entrances shall be clearly indicated.

## 8.10 Rural (RU)

### 8.10.1. Permitted Uses

|  |
|--|
| Recreational open space (low-impact recreation, parks, walking trails) |
| Conservation   |
| Forestry   |

### 8.10.2. Discretionary Uses

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Agriculture         | Cemetery                                 |
| Outdoor assembly    | Outdoor market                           |
| General industry    |  |
| Mineral exploration | Mineral working                          |
| Utilities           | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |

### 8.10.3. General Industrial Uses

General industrial uses may be permitted by Council provided that:

1. The use is restricted to maintenance and repair of equipment, processing and storage related to agriculture or forestry uses or landing and processing related to the fishery; or
2. Council is satisfied that:
  - a) the proposed use is unsuitable for location in the Harbourfront Use Zone;
  - b) the use will not require municipal services, particularly town water and sewer;
  - c) the site is suitable for the proposed activity in terms of slope, vehicle access, and servicing requirements;
  - d) the use will not have an adverse visual impact on the built-up areas of the Town or any public road or Town on public trail, and Council may consider screening to mitigate such an impact so that the site is not visible from public roads, trails and the built-up area;
  - e) the use can be developed and used in a manner which takes account of the scenic view from the Maddox Cove Road and the Regional Plan policies for the Road;
  - f) the use will not generate an unacceptable increase in traffic on roads in the built-up areas of the Town; and
  - g) the site can be developed and the use carried out without negative impact on the natural environment and amenities of the Town, including wastercourses and ponds.

### 8.10.4. Mineral Workings

All mineral workings, including pits quarries and mines shall be subject to the requirements of the appropriate permit, lease or licence issues by the Mineral Lands Division, Department of Natural Resources, for development, operation, decommissioning and rehabilitation. Where not addressed in an applicable provincial permit, lease or licence, mineral workings shall meet the following requirements of the Council:

1. **Screening** - A buffer shall be required to screen mineral workings visible from a public street. A buffer may consist of a 30 metre wide tree screen, a landscaped berm or as required by Council. Council may waive the requirement for a buffer where natural topography creates a visual screen between mineral workings and adjacent public highways and streets.





2. **Fencing** - Council may require the mineral working site or excavated area of a pit or quarry working to be enclosed by a fence designed and constructed to its specifications and no less than 1.8 metres in height.
3. **Water Pollution** - No mineral working or extraction activity shall be permitted within 50 metres of a waterbody or watercourse.
4. **Water Ponding** - No mineral working shall result in the excavation of areas below the level of the water table or in any way cause the accumulation or ponding of water in any part of the site. Settling ponds may be permitted with the approval of the Department of Environment and Labour.
5. **Site Maintenance** - The mineral working shall be kept clean of refuse, abandoned vehicles, and abandoned equipment and any derelict buildings.
6. **Access Roads** - During extended periods of shutdown, access roads to a mineral working shall be ditched or barred to the satisfaction of Council.
7. **Stockpiling Cover Material** - All stumps, organic material and topsoil, including the rusty coloured and iron stained layer, shall be stripped and stockpiled at least 5 metres from uncleared areas and 10 metres from active quarry or stockpile areas. The owner or operator shall ensure that the quantity of the topsoil is not affected by dilution with other materials.
8. **Termination and Site Rehabilitation** - Upon completion of the mineral working, the following work shall be carried out by the operation:
  - a) all buildings, machinery and equipment shall be removed;
  - b) all pit and quarry slopes shall be graded to slopes less than 20 degrees or to the slope conforming to that existing prior to the mineral working;
  - c) topsoil and any organic materials shall be re-spread over the entire quarried area and the area hydroseeded; and
  - d) the access road to the working shall be ditched or barred to the satisfaction of Council.
9. **Separation from Adjacent Uses** - Unless Council is satisfied that the working will not create a nuisance and will not adversely affect the amenity of the specified development or natural feature, no mineral working shall be located closer than the minimum distances set out below to the specified development or natural feature:

| <i>From:</i>  | <i>Minimum Distance of<br/>Pit and Quarry Workings</i> |
|---|--|
| <b>Existing or proposed Residential Development</b>   |  |
| • where no blasting is involved   | 300 metres   |
| • where blasting is involved  | 1000 metres  |
| <b>Any other developed area or area likely to be development during the life of the pit or quarry</b> | 150 metres   |
| <b>Public highway or street</b>   | 50 metres  |
| <b>Protected Road</b>   | 90 metres  |
| <b>Waterbody or watercourse</b>   | 50 metres  |

# 8.11 Open Space Conservation (OS)

## 8.11.1. Permitted Use

|  |
|--|
| Conservation                                       |
| Recreational open space (parks and walking trails) |

## 8.11.2. Discretionary Uses

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| Utilities | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |
|-----------|--|

## 8.11.3. 2-8 Main Road, Maddox Cove

The structure located at 2-8 Main Road in Maddox Cove is recognized as a non-conforming use with the Open Space Conservation Use Zone. The dwelling may be used as tourist accommodation or other commercial use that caters to the tourist trade, but shall not be altered to increase the building footprint.



## 8.12 Recreation (REC)

### 8.12.1. Permitted Uses

|  |
|--|
| Recreational open space – Playing fields, sports grounds, parks, playgrounds |
| Agriculture (community garden)   |

### 8.12.2. Discretionary Uses

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Indoor assembly       | Outdoor assembly                         |
| Take out food service |  |
| Utilities             | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |

### 8.12.3. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted provided that they are accessory to uses within the permitted use classes

## 8.13 Watershed (W)

### 8.13.1. Permitted Uses

|  |
|--|
| Conservation                                       |
| Recreational open space (parks and walking trails) |

### 8.13.2. Discretionary Uses

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| Utilities | Telecommunication Structures and Antenna |
|-----------|--|

### 8.13.3. Prohibited Uses

No permanent buildings or structures shall be permitted within this use zone except those necessary for the operation and maintenance of the municipal public water supply.





# Appendix A

## Land Use Zoning Map





# Appendix B

## Provincial Development Regulations



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**Important Information**

(Includes details about the availability of printed and electronic versions of the Statutes.)

**Table of Regulations**

**Main Site**

**How current is this regulation?**

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**NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR  
REGULATION 3/01**

*Development Regulations  
under the  
Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*

*(Filed January 2, 2001 )*

Under the authority of section 36 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act , 2000*, I make the following regulations.

Dated at St. John's , January 2, 2001 .

Joan Marie Aylward  
Minister of Municipal and Provincial Affairs

**REGULATIONS**

*Analysis*

1. Short title
2. Definitions
3. Application
4. Interpretation
5. Notice of right to appeal
6. Appeal requirements
7. Appeal registration
8. Development prohibited
9. Hearing notice and meetings

10. Hearing of evidence11. Board decision12. Variances13. Notice of variance14. Residential non conformity15. Notice and hearings on change of use16. Non-conformance with standards17. Discontinuance of non-conforming use18. Delegation of powers19. Commencement**Short title**

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Development Regulations*.

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**Definitions**

2. In these regulations,

- (a) "Act", unless the context indicate otherwise, means the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000* ;
- (b) "applicant" means a person who has applied to an authority for an approval or permit to carry out a development;
- (c) "authority" means a council, authorized administrator or regional authority; and
- (d) "development regulations" means these regulations and regulations and by-laws respecting development that have been enacted by the relevant authority.

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**Application**

3. (1) These regulations shall be included in the development regulations of an authority and shall apply to all planning areas.

(2) Where there is a conflict between these regulations and development regulations or other regulations of an authority, these regulations shall apply.

(3) Where another Act of the province provides a right of appeal to the board, these regulations shall apply to that appeal.

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**Interpretation**

4. (1) In development regulations and other regulations made with respect to a planning area the following terms shall have the meanings indicated in this section

- (a) "access" means a way used or intended to be used by vehicles, pedestrians or animals in

order to go from a street to adjacent or nearby land or to go from that land to the street;

(b) "accessory building" includes

- (i) a detached subordinate building not used as a dwelling, located on the same lot as the main building to which it is an accessory and which has a use that is customarily incidental or complementary to the main use of the building or land,
- (ii) for residential uses, domestic garages, carports, ramps, sheds, swimming pools, greenhouses, cold frames, fuel sheds, vegetables storage cellars, shelters for domestic pets or radio and television antennae,
- (iii) for commercial uses, workshops or garages, and
- (iv) for industrial uses, garages, offices, raised ramps and docks;

(c) "accessory use" means a use that is subsidiary to a permitted or discretionary use and that is customarily expected to occur with the permitted or discretionary use;

(d) "building height" means the vertical distance, measured in metres from the established grade to the

- (i) highest point of the roof surface of a flat roof,
  - (ii) deck line of a mansard roof, and
  - (iii) mean height level between the eave and the ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof,
- and in any case, a building height shall not include mechanical structure, smokestacks, steeples and purely ornamental structures above a roof;

(e) "building line" means a line established by an authority that runs parallel to a street line and is set at the closest point to a street that a building may be placed;

(f) "discretionary use" means a use that is listed within the discretionary use classes established in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations;

(g) "established grade" means,

- (i) where used in reference to a building, the average elevation of the finished surface of the ground where it meets the exterior or the front of that building exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment, or
- (ii) where used in reference to a structure that is not a building, the average elevation of the finished grade of the ground immediately surrounding the structure, exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment;

(h) "floor area" means the total area of all floors in a building measured to the outside face of exterior walls;

(i) "frontage" means the horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the building line;

(j) "lot" means a plot, tract or parcel of land which can be considered as a unit of land for a particular use or building;

(k) "lot area" means the total horizontal area within the lines of the lot;

(l) "lot coverage" means the combined area of all building on a lot measured at the level of

the lowest floor above the established grade and expressed as a percentage of the total area of the lot;

- (m) "non-conforming use" means a legally existing use that is not listed as a permitted or discretionary use for the use zone in which it is located or which does not meet the development standards for that use zone;
- (n) "owner" means a person or an organization of persons owning or having the legal right to use the land under consideration;
- (o) "permitted use" means a use that is listed within the permitted use classes set out in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations;
- (p) "prohibited use" means a use that is not listed in a use zone within the permitted use classes or discretionary use classes or a use that an authority specifies as not permitted within a use zone;
- (q) "sign" means a word, letter, model, placard, board, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of or employed wholly or in part for the purpose of advertisement, announcement or direction and excludes those things employed wholly as a memorial, advertisements of local government, utilities and boarding or similar structures used for the display of advertisements;
- (r) "rear yard depth" means the distance between the rear lot line and the rear wall of the main building on a lot;
- (s) "side yard depth" means the distance between the side lot line and the nearest side wall of a building on the lot;
- (t) "street" means a street, road, highway or other way designed for the passage of vehicles and pedestrians and which is accessible by fire department and other emergency vehicles;
- (u) "street line" means the edge of a street reservation as defined by the authority having jurisdiction;
- (v) "use" means a building or activity situated on a lot or a development permitted on a lot;
- (w) "use zone" or "zone" means an area of land including buildings and water designated on the zoning map to which the uses, standards and conditions of a particular use zone table apply;
- (x) "variance" means a departure, to a maximum of 10% from the yard, area, lot coverage, setback, size, height, frontage or any other numeric requirement of the applicable Use Zone Table of the authority's regulations; and
- (y) "zoning map" means the map or maps attached to and forming a part of the authority's regulations.

(2) An authority may, in its discretion, determine the uses that may or may not be developed in a use zone and those uses shall be listed in the authority's regulations as discretionary, permitted or prohibited uses for that area.

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### **Notice of right to appeal**

5. Where an authority makes a decision that may be appealed under section 42 of the Act, that authority shall, in writing, at the time of making that decision, notify the person to whom the decision applies of the

- (a) person's right to appeal the decision to the board;
- (b) time by which an appeal is to be made;
- (c) right of other interested persons to appeal the decision; and
- (d) manner of making an appeal and the address for the filing of the appeal.

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### **Appeal requirements**

6. (1) The secretary of the board at the Department of Municipal and Provincial Affairs, Main Floor, Confederation Building (West Block), P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, Nfld., A1B 4J6 is the secretary to all boards in the province and an appeal filed with that secretary within the time period referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act shall be considered to have been filed with the appropriate board.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where the City of Corner Brook, City of Mount Pearl or City of St. John's appoints an appeal board under subsection 40(2) of the Act, an appeal shall be filed with the secretary of that appointed board.

(3) The fee required under section 44 of the Act shall be paid to the board that hears the decision being appealed by filing it with the secretary referred to in subsection (1) or (2) within the 14 days referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act.

(4) The board that hears the decision being appealed shall, subject to subsection 44(3) of the Act, retain the fee paid to the board.

(5) Where an appeal of a decision and the required fee is not received by a board in accordance with this section and Part VI of the Act, the right to appeal that decision shall be considered to have been forfeited.

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### **Appeal registration**

7. (1) Upon receipt of an appeal and fee as required under the Act and these regulations, the secretary of the board as referred to in subsections 6(1) and (2), shall immediately register the appeal.

(2) Where an appeal has been registered the secretary of the board shall notify the appropriate authority of the appeal and shall provide to the authority a copy of the appeal and the documentation related to the appeal.

(3) Where an authority has been notified of an appeal that authority shall forward to the appropriate board a copy of the application being appealed, all correspondence, council minutes, plans and other relevant information relating to the appeal including the names and addresses of the applicant and other interested persons of whom the authority has knowledge.

(4) Upon receipt of the information under subsection (3), the secretary of the board shall publish in a newspaper circulated in the area of the appropriate authority, a notice that the appeal has been registered.

(5) A notice published under subsection (4) shall be published not fewer than 2 weeks before the date upon which the appeal is to be heard by the board.

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**Development prohibited**

8. (1) Immediately upon notice of the registration of an appeal the appropriate authority shall ensure that any development upon the property that is the subject of the appeal ceases.

(2) Sections 102 and 104 of the Act apply to an authority acting under subsection (1).

(3) Upon receipt of a notification of the registration of an appeal with respect to an order under section 102 of the Act, an authority shall not carry out work related to the matter being appealed.

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**Hearing notice and meetings**

9. (1) A board shall notify the appellant, applicant, authority and other persons affected by the subject of an appeal of the date, time and place for the appeal not fewer than 7 days before the date scheduled for the hearing of the appeal.

(2) A board may meet as often as is necessary to conduct its work in an expeditious manner.

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**Hearing of evidence**

10. (1) A board shall meet at a place within the area under its jurisdiction and the appellant and other persons notified under subsection 9(1) or their representative may appear before the board and make representations with respect to the matter being appealed.

(2) A board shall hear an appeal in accordance with section 43 of the Act and these regulations.

(3) A written report submitted under subsection 43(2) of the Act respecting a visit to and viewing of a property shall be considered to have been provided in the same manner as evidence directly provided at the hearing of the board.

(4) In the conduct of an appeal hearing, the board is not bound by the rules of evidence.

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**Board decision**

11. A decision of the board must comply with the plan, scheme or development regulations that apply to the matter that has been appealed to that board.

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**Variances**

12. (1) Where an approval or permit cannot be given by an authority because a proposed development does not comply with development standards set out in development regulations, an authority may, in its discretion, vary the applicable development standards to a maximum of 10% if, in the authority's opinion, compliance with the development standards would prejudice the proper development of the land, building or structure in question or would be contrary to public interest.

(2) An authority shall not allow a variance from development standards set out in development regulations if that variance, when considered together with other variances made or to

be made with respect to the same land, building or structure, would have a cumulative effect that is greater than a 10% variance even though the individual variances are separately no more than 10%.

(3) An authority shall not permit a variance from development standards where the proposed development would increase the non conformity of an existing development.

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### **Notice of variance**

13. Where an authority is to consider a proposed variance, that authority shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance.

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### **Residential non conformity**

14. A residential building or structure referred to in paragraph 108(3)(g) of the Act must, where being repaired or rebuilt, be repaired or rebuilt in accordance with the plan and development regulations applicable to that building or structure.

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### **Notice and hearings on change of use**

15. Where considering a non conforming building, structure or development under paragraph 108(3)(d) of the Act and before making a decision to vary an existing use of that non-conforming building, structure or development, an authority, at the applicant's expense, shall publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area or by other means give public notice of an application to vary the existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development and shall consider any representations or submissions received in response to that advertisement.

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### **Non-conformance with standards**

16. Where a building, structure or development does not meet the development standards included in development regulations, the building, structure or development shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the non-conformity and an expansion must comply with the development standards applicable to that building, structure or development.

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### **Discontinuance of non-conforming use**

17. An authority may make development regulations providing for a greater period of time than is provided under subsection 108(2) of the Act with respect to the time by which a discontinued non-conforming use may resume operation.

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### **Delegation of powers**

18. An authority shall, where designating employees to whom a power is to be delegated under subsection 109(3) of the Act, make that designation in writing.

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**Commencement**

**19. These regulations shall be considered to have come into force on January 1, 2001 .**

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# Appendix C

## Classification Guide to Land Uses and Buildings



## Classification of Uses of Land and Buildings

This list is intended to assist in the interpretation of the types of uses within the use classes listed in the Use Zone Tables in Section 8 of these Regulations. Examples included in the following table are not exhaustive and are used to illustrate typical types of developments within a use class.

| Residential Uses               |                                  |  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| <i>Division</i>                | <i>Use Class</i>                 | <i>Examples</i>  |
| Residential Dwelling Uses      | Single Dwelling                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single Detached</li> </ul>  |
|                                | Double Dwelling                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Duplex Dwellings</li> <li>• Semi-detached Dwelling</li> </ul>   |
|                                | Row Dwelling                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Row Houses</li> </ul>   |
|                                | Apartment Building               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apartment Building</li> <li>• Residential Complexes (4 or more units)</li> </ul>  |
|                                | Mobile Home                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mini Homes</li> <li>• Mobile Homes</li> </ul>   |
| Other Residential Uses         | Residential Accommodation        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bed &amp; Breakfasts</li> <li>• Boarding Houses</li> </ul>  |
|                                | Seasonal Residential             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Summer Cabins</li> <li>• Lodging Homes</li> </ul>   |
|                                | Residential Care                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Personal Care Homes</li> <li>• Residential Care Centres</li> <li>• Assisted Living Accommodations</li> </ul>  |
| Commercial Uses                |                                  |  |
| <i>Division</i>                | <i>Use Class</i>                 | <i>Examples</i>  |
| Business and Professional Uses | Medical Services                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clinics</li> <li>• Dental Offices &amp; Surgeries</li> <li>• Medical Offices &amp; Consulting Rooms</li> <li>• Veterinary Clinics</li> <li>• Animal Hospitals</li> </ul>                |
|                                | Office and Professional Services | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Professional Offices</li> <li>• Law Offices</li> <li>• Banks</li> <li>• Business &amp; Government Office</li> </ul>   |
| General Services               | Personal Services                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Barbers</li> <li>• Beauty Parlours</li> <li>• Domestic &amp; Household Arts</li> <li>• Hairdressers</li> <li>• Tanning Salons</li> <li>• Pet Grooming</li> <li>• Nail Salons</li> </ul> |

|                           |                                 |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
|                           | <b>General Services</b>         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Car Washes</li> <li>• Dry Cleaners (not using flammable or explosive substances)</li> <li>• Laundromats</li> <li>• Small Tool &amp; Appliance Service/Rentals</li> </ul>    |
|                           | <b>Animal Services</b>          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Animal Pounds</li> <li>• Kennels</li> <li>• Zoos</li> <li>• Pet Sitting Services</li> </ul>   |
|                           | <b>Commercial Accommodation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hotels</li> <li>• Motels</li> <li>• Inns</li> </ul>   |
|                           | <b>Communications</b>           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Radio Stations</li> <li>• Telephone Exchanges</li> </ul>  |
|                           | <b>Emergency Services</b>       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Police Stations (without detention quarters)</li> <li>• Fire Station</li> </ul>   |
|                           |                                 |  |
| <b>Retail Uses</b>        | <b>Shopping Centre</b>          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shopping Centres</li> <li>• Strip Malls</li> </ul>  |
|                           | <b>Shop</b>                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Automobile Dealerships</li> <li>• Used Car Lots</li> <li>• Department Stores</li> <li>• Retail Shops</li> <li>• Showrooms</li> <li>• Supermarkets</li> </ul>                |
|                           | <b>Indoor Market</b>            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Auction Halls</li> <li>• Exhibition Halls</li> <li>• Indoor Farmers Markets</li> </ul>  |
|                           | <b>Outdoor Market</b>           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Animal Markets</li> <li>• Fish Stalls</li> <li>• Market Grounds</li> <li>• Produce &amp; Fruit Stands</li> <li>• Outdoor Farmers Markets</li> <li>• Flea Markets</li> </ul> |
|                           | <b>Convenience Store</b>        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Confectionary Stores</li> <li>• Corner Stores</li> <li>• Gift Shops</li> <li>• Specialty Shops</li> <li>• Video Stores</li> </ul>   |
|                           |                                 |  |
| <b>Entertainment Uses</b> | <b>Food and Catering</b>        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bars</li> <li>• Lounges</li> <li>• Restaurants</li> <li>• Nightclubs</li> </ul>   |
|                           | <b>Take-Out Food Service</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take-out Restaurants</li> <li>• Food Stands</li> </ul>  |
|                           |                                 |  |



|   |                                  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
|   | Entertainment                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electronic Games Arcades</li> <li>• Pinball Parlours</li> <li>• Poolrooms</li> <li>• Bowling Alleys</li> <li>• Adult Entertainment</li> </ul>   |
|   | Theatre                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Movie Theatres</li> <li>• Theatres</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Institutional and Public Uses</b>    |                                  |  |
| <i>Division</i>                         | <i>Use Class</i>                 | <i>Examples</i>  |
| Penal & Correctional Institutional Uses | Penal & Correctional Detention   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Police Stations (with detention quarters)</li> <li>• Youth Correctional Facilities</li> </ul>   |
| Institutional Care Uses                 | Medical Treatment & Special Care | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Personal Care Homes</li> <li>• Nursing Homes</li> <li>• Treatment Centres</li> <li>• Medical Clinics</li> </ul>   |
|   | Funeral Home                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Crematoria</li> <li>• Funeral Homes &amp; Chapels</li> </ul>  |
|   | Child Care                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Day Care Centres</li> <li>• Home Child Care Services</li> <li>• Nursery Schools</li> <li>• Early Childhood Education Services</li> </ul>  |
| Cultural and Institutional Uses         | Cultural & Civic                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Art Galleries</li> <li>• Town Administrative Offices</li> <li>• Court Rooms</li> <li>• Libraries</li> <li>• Museums</li> <li>• Arts and Culture Centres</li> <li>• Interpretive Centres</li> <li>• Studios</li> </ul> |
|   | Educational                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Private Schools</li> <li>• Public Schools</li> </ul>  |
|   | Place of Worship                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Church Halls</li> <li>• Churches &amp; similar places of worship</li> </ul>   |
|   | Cemetery                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cemeteries</li> </ul>   |
|   |                                  |  |
| Assembly Uses                           | General Assembly                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Auditoria</li> <li>• Community Halls</li> <li>• Dance Halls</li> <li>• Exhibition Halls</li> <li>• Gymnasias</li> <li>• Lodge Halls</li> </ul>  |
|   | Indoor Assembly                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arenas</li> <li>• Armouries</li> <li>• Ice Rinks</li> <li>• Indoor Swimming Pools</li> <li>• Fitness Clubs</li> </ul>   |

|  |                                   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
|  | <b>Outdoor Assembly</b>           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Amusement Parks &amp; Fairgrounds</li> <li>• Bleachers</li> <li>• Drive-in Theatres</li> <li>• Exhibition Grounds</li> <li>• Grandstands</li> <li>• Outdoor Ice Rinks &amp; Swimming Pools</li> <li>• Outdoor Stadiums &amp; Venues</li> </ul> |
| <b>Utility and Transportation Uses</b> | <b>Public Works and Utilities</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cellular Communications Towers</li> <li>• Satellite Dish Antenna</li> <li>• Television, Radio &amp; Communications</li> <li>• Transmitting and Receiving Masts &amp; Antennae</li> </ul>   |
|  | <b>Marine Transportation</b>      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recreational Piers, Docks &amp; Wharves</li> <li>• Boathouses</li> <li>• Marinas</li> <li>• Boat Ramps &amp; Launches</li> <li>• Slips &amp; Slipways</li> </ul>   |
|  | <b>Transportation Services</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Passenger Stations &amp; Depots</li> <li>• Taxi Stands</li> </ul>  |

| <b>Industrial Uses</b>  |                           |   |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| <i>Division</i>   | <i>Use Class</i>          | <i>Examples</i>   |
| <b>Industrial uses involving highly combustible &amp; hazardous substances &amp; processes.</b> | <b>Hazardous Industry</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bulk Plants for Flammable Liquids</li> <li>• Bulk Storage Warehouses for Hazardous Substances</li> <li>• Chemical Manufacturing or Processing Plants</li> <li>• Distilleries</li> <li>• Dry-cleaning Plants</li> <li>• Feed Mills</li> <li>• Lacquer, Mattress, Paint, Varnish &amp; Rubber</li> <li>• Factories</li> <li>• Spray Painting Operations</li> <li>• Wastepaper Processing Plants</li> </ul> |
| <b>General Industrial Uses involving Limited Hazardous Substances &amp; Processes.</b>          | <b>General Industry</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aggregate-Related Industries</li> <li>• Aircraft Hangars</li> <li>• Bulk Storage Facility</li> <li>• Cold Storage Plants</li> <li>• Contractors' Yards</li> <li>• Concrete Plants</li> <li>• Factories</li> <li>• Freight Depots</li> <li>• General Garages</li> <li>• Laboratories</li> <li>• Laundries</li> <li>• Printing Plants</li> </ul>   |

|                                      |                        |   |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
|                                      |                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sawmill</li> <li>• Warehouses</li> <li>• Workshops</li> </ul>  |
|                                      | Solid Waste            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incinerators</li> <li>• Recycling Plants</li> <li>• Sanitary Land Fill</li> <li>• Solid Waste Disposal</li> </ul>  |
|                                      | Service Station        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gas Bars</li> <li>• Gasoline Service Stations</li> </ul>   |
| Light, Non-Hazardous Industrial Uses | Light Industry         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Custom Workshops</li> <li>• Indoor Storage</li> <li>• Light Industry</li> <li>• Lumber Yard</li> <li>• Parking Garages</li> <li>• Recycling Depot</li> <li>• Warehouses &amp; Storage Centres</li> <li>• Wholesale Rooms</li> <li>• Workshops</li> </ul> |
|                                      | Scrap Yard             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Car Wrecking Yards</li> <li>• Junk Yards</li> <li>• Salvage Yard</li> <li>• Scrap Dealers</li> </ul>   |
| Resource-Based Industry              | Commercial Agriculture | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Commercial Farms</li> <li>• Horticulture</li> </ul>  |
|                                      | Forestry               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Silviculture</li> <li>• Sawmills</li> <li>• Tree Nurseries</li> </ul>  |
|                                      | Mineral Working        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mineral Exploration</li> <li>• Mines</li> <li>• Oil Wells</li> <li>• Pits</li> <li>• Quarries</li> </ul>   |
| Marine Industrial Uses               | Marine Industrial      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Harbours</li> <li>• Fish Processing Plants</li> <li>• Drydocks</li> <li>• Wharves</li> </ul>   |

| Environmental and Utility Uses |                  |  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|
| <i>Division</i>                | <i>Use Class</i> | <i>Examples</i>  |
| Conservation Uses              | Conservation     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Architectural Historical Sites</li> <li>• Buffer Strips</li> <li>• Trails and Boardwalks</li> <li>• Scenic Lookout Sites</li> <li>• Watersheds</li> <li>• Wildlife Sanctuaries</li> </ul> |

|                   |                         |  |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Recreational Uses | Recreational Open Space | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Campgrounds</li><li>• Hiking/Walking Trails</li><li>• Parks</li><li>• Playing Fields and Courts</li><li>• Playgrounds</li><li>• Sports Grounds</li></ul> |
|                   | Small Scale Agriculture | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hobby Farms</li><li>• Market Gardens &amp; Nurseries</li><li>• Community Gardens</li></ul>   |

# Appendix D

## **Town of Petty Harbour – Maddox Cove Development Regulations Information Map**

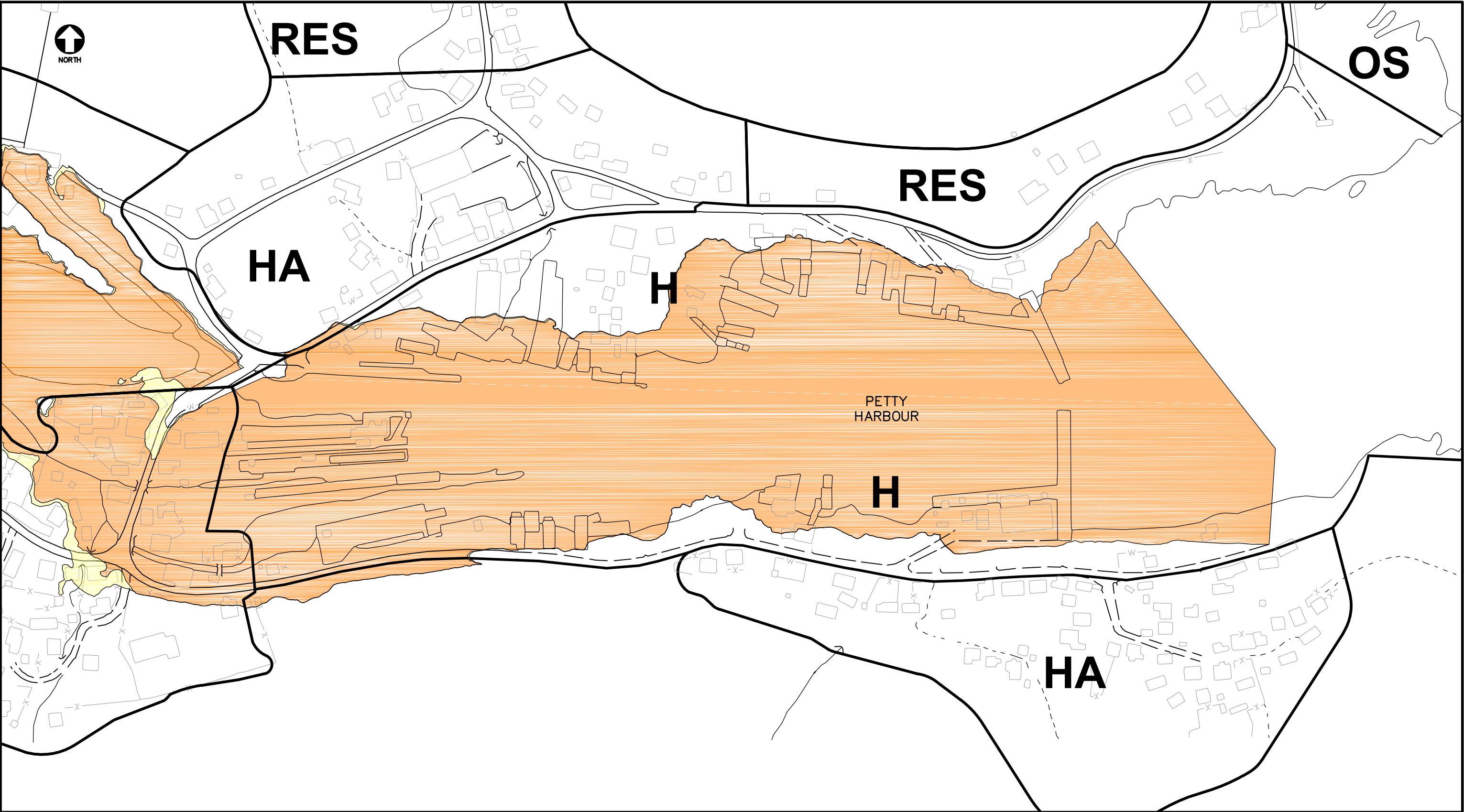
**Climate Change – 2050 Flood Risk Map.**

**Derived from Information contained in:**

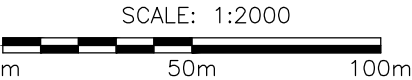
**AMEC Environment and Infrastructure. March 2013. Goulds Petty Harbour Area Flood Risk Mapping Project, for Government of Newfoundland and Labrador, Department of Environment and Conservation, Water Resources Management Division.**

**[http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/waterres/flooding/petty\\_harbour\\_goulds/Goulds\\_PettyHarbour\\_Report.pdf](http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/waterres/flooding/petty_harbour_goulds/Goulds_PettyHarbour_Report.pdf)**


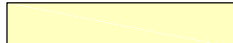




**PLAN**



**LEGEND:**

-  1:20 AEP 2050 FLOODWAY
-  1:100 AEP 2050 FLOODWAY

SOURCE: AMEC ENVIRONMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE. MARCH 2013. GOULDS PETTY HARBOUR AREA FLOOD RISK MAPPING PROJECT, FOR GOVERNMENT OF NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION, WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT DIVISION.

|                          |                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| DRAWN:<br>J. LARACY      | SCALE:<br>1:2000      |
| PROJECT NO:<br>123040.00 | DATE:<br>MAY 14, 2014 |
| DRAWING NO:<br>-         |                       |

TOWN OF PETTY HARBOUR-  
MADDOX COVE  
DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS  
INFORMATION MAP

CLIMATE CHANGE - 2050  
FLOOD RISK MAP



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